







# Beyond-the-Standard Model Higgs searches using the ATLAS experiment

Guillermo Hamity

University of the Witwatersrand On behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration

WORKSHOP ON DISCOVERY PHYSICS AT THE LHC, 1 December

- 2012: New boson discovered by CMS + ATLAS
- 2013: Mass and spin-parity studies revealed  $m_H \approx 125.5 \text{ GeV}$

#### CERN-PH-EP-2013-103







#### No deviations from SM

•  $\sigma$ , BR and couplings of H show no deviation from SM within uncertainties



#### No deviations from SM

- $\sigma$ , BR and couplings of H show no deviation from SM within uncertainties
- Higgs doublet responsible for EW symmetry breaking?



### No deviations from SM

- $\sigma, BR$  and couplings of H show no deviation from SM within uncertainties
- Higgs doublet responsible for EW symmetry breaking?
- Is Higgs sector minimal or extended? (BSM)

• SM Higgs sector has experimental constrains:

$$\rho \equiv m_W / (m_Z \cos \theta_W) \to 1$$

- 2HDM: Simple extension by adding complex Higgs doublet, SU(2).
- Assumptions:
  - CP-conservation
  - Softly broken  $\mathcal{Z}_2$  symmetry ( $\Phi_1 = -\Phi_1$ )
  - $\circ~$  Electroweak symmetry breaking, and  $v_1v_2 \neq 0$

#### 8 fields

3 give mass to  $W^{\pm}$  and Z bosons, 5 physical scalar ("Higgs") fields

### Five most difficult and elusive animals in Africa to hunt.



### **2HDMs**

#### Degrees of freedom



### $h_{SM}$ coupling measurements

- Couplings of  $h_{2HDM}$  differs from  $h_{SM}$
- 2HDM and MSSM, SM Couplings interpretation





#### Recent direct searches:

- $h/A/H \rightarrow \tau \tau ~(MSSM)$
- $H^+ \rightarrow \tau \nu + \text{jets} (2 \text{HDM} + \text{MSSM})$
- Di-Higgs resonances:  $hh \rightarrow \gamma \gamma bb, hh \rightarrow 4b$
- $H \rightarrow WW$  (2HDM)

### **SM Coupling Measurements**

### Higgs coupling limits 2HDM

#### Constrains on new physics via Higgs coupling [1]

### **H** coupling scale factor: $\frac{2HDM}{SM}$

### 2HDM constrain

- Assume  $m_h \approx 125.5$  GeV
- Production and decay rates rescaled (scale factors)
- Ratios  $\frac{2HDM}{SM}$  cast as functions of  $\beta$  and  $\alpha$
- Assumed same production modes as in the SM

Coupling scale factor	Type I	Type II	Type III	Type IV
$\kappa_V$	$\sin(\beta - \alpha)$	$\sin(\beta - \alpha)$	$\sin(\beta - \alpha)$	$\sin(\beta - \alpha)$
K <sub>ll</sub>	$\cos(\alpha)/\sin(\beta)$	$\cos(\alpha)/\sin(\beta)$	$\cos(\alpha)/\sin(\beta)$	$\cos(\alpha) / \sin(\beta)$
Кd	$\cos(\alpha)/\sin(\beta)$	$-\sin(\alpha)/\cos(\beta)$	$\cos(\alpha)/\sin(\beta)$	$-\sin(\alpha)/\cos(\beta)$
ĸı	$\cos(\alpha)/\sin(\beta)$	$-\sin(\alpha)/\cos(\beta)$	$-\sin(\alpha)/\cos(\beta)$	$\cos(\alpha)/\sin(\beta)$

### Likelihood limits

#### Obs & exp exclusion limits at 95% CL

ATLAS Preliminary

is = 8 TeV: [Ldt = 20.3 fb<sup>-1</sup>

h -+ -- hh

 $\cos(\beta - \alpha)$ 

### ATLAS-CONF-2014-010





### **Higgs coupling limits** Simplified MSSM

#### Constrains on new physics via Higgs coupling [1] \*MSSM is 2HDM Type-II

#### simplified MSSM constrain

- simplified MSSM is not general
- Assume  $m_h \approx 125.5$  GeV
- Mass mixing matrix simplified s.t. Higgs couplings are functions of  $m_A$  and  $\tan\beta$  only:

$$\kappa_V = \frac{s_d + \tan\beta s_u}{\sqrt{1 + \tan_2 \beta}}$$
  

$$\kappa_u = s_u \frac{\sqrt{1 + \tan_2 \beta}}{\tan\beta}$$
  

$$\kappa_d = s_d \sqrt{1 + \tan_2 \beta}$$

#### Likelihood scan $(m_A, \tan\beta)$

Observed (expected) lower limit at 95% CL:  $m_A > 400$  (280) GeV for  $2 \le \tan \beta \le 10$ Higher rate in boson decay than predicted by SM causing stronger limit. Simplified MSSM limited by  $\kappa \le 1$ 



#### ATLAS-CONF-2014-010

### **Direct searches**

**Charged H**  $H^{\pm} \rightarrow \tau^{\pm} v + jets$ 

Search  $H^{\pm} \rightarrow \tau^{\pm} v$  in hadronic final states: 19.5fb<sup>-1</sup> p-p at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV ATLAS-CONF-2014-050 [2]

Split at  $m_{top} \approx 173.3$  GeV

Low mass:  $m_{H^+} < m_{top}$  $t \to bH^+ (m_{H^+} \in (80, 160))$ 

High mass:  $m_{H^+} > m_{top}$ 

t associated  $(m_{H^+} \in (180, 1000))$ 



Decay:

- $H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu$
- $W \rightarrow q\bar{q}$

Final States:

- τ<sub>had</sub>, E<sup>miss</sup><sub>T</sub>
- 2 b-jets (at least 1 for  $m_{H^+} > m_{top}$  )
- 2 q-jets from W<sub>had</sub>
- no additional leptons

## **Charged II** $H^{\pm} \rightarrow \tau^{\pm} v + \mathbf{jets}$

### Data driven:

- True  $\tau_{had}$  (embedding method)
  - μ+jets data events ('loose' selection)
  - $\mu$  REPLACED with MC  $\tau_{had}$  decay (TAUOLA)
  - Distribution is normalized
- Misidentified jets

  - $^\circ~m_T$  distribution fit for 200-800 GeV

#### Simulated:

• Misidentified  $e/\mu$  contribute 1—2% BKG

Sample	Low mass $H^+$ selection	High mass $H^+$ selection
True $\tau_{had}$ (embedding method)	$2900 \pm 60 \pm 500$	$3400 \pm 60 \pm 400$
Misidentified jet $\rightarrow \tau_{had-vis}$	490 ± 9 ± 80	$990 \pm 15 \pm 160$
Misidentified $e \rightarrow \tau_{had-vis}$	$15 \pm 3 \pm 6$	20 ± 2 ± 9
Misidentified $\mu \rightarrow \tau_{had-vis}$	$18 \pm 3 \pm 8$	$37 \pm 5 \pm 8$
All SM backgrounds	$3400 \pm 60 \pm 500$	$4420 \pm 70 \pm 500$
Data	3244	4474
$H^+(m_{H^+} = 130 \text{GeV})$	230 ± 10 ± 40	
$H^+$ ( $m_{H^+} = 250 \text{ GeV}$ )		$58 \pm 1 \pm 9$





#### ATLAS-CONF-2014-050

High Mass



# **Charged II** $H^{\pm} \rightarrow \tau^{\pm} v + \mathbf{jets}$

#### ATLAS-CONF-2014-050

- Expected limits derived with asymptotic approximation
- Limits reject 95% CL
- Expected and observed limits agree within systematics
- Agreement with SM

 $B(t \rightarrow bH^+) \times B(H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu)$ 

between 0.23% and 1.3% (
$$m_{H^+} = 80-160 \text{ GeV}$$
)





 $\sigma(pp \to tH^+ + X) \times B(H^+ \to \tau^+ \nu)$ 

#### between 0.76 pb and 4.5 fb ( $m_{H^+}=180\text{-}1000~{\rm GeV})$



### $h/A/H \to \tau\tau$

### Search for neutral Higgs bosons (MSSM) JHEP11(2014)056 [3]

MSSM contains two Higgs doublets (2HDM)

- Upper bound  $m_h \sim 135 \text{ GeV}$
- $m_H \approx m_A \approx m_{H^{\pm}}$
- *m<sub>h</sub>* properties similar to *m<sub>HSM</sub>*





Scenarios

• 
$$m_h^{max}$$
:  $m_h \lesssim 135$ 

$$m_h^{mod-}$$
 &  $m_h^{mod+}$ :  $m_h \lesssim 126$ 

- Two parameters:  $m_A$ ,  $\tan \beta$  increases parameter space
  - Increased BR in  $\tau\tau$  and bb decay.
  - Higher b-associated cross section.
  - Search channels:
    - $\tau_e \tau_\mu$  (6%) at 20.3 fb<sup>-1</sup>
    - $\circ~\tau_{lep}\tau_{had}$  (46%) at 20.3 fb  $^{-1}$
    - $\circ~\tau_{had}\,\tau_{had}$  (42%) at 19.5  ${\rm fb}^{-1}$

 $\begin{array}{l} {\rm mod} \pm {\rm different} \mbox{ in } \frac{X_t}{M_{SUSY}}. \\ M_{SUSY} \mbox{ - soft-SUSY-breaking} \\ {\rm squark} \mbox{ mass} \\ X_t \mbox{ - stop mixing parameter} \end{array}$ 

#### **Different decays in ATLAS detector:**



1- or 3- prong jet

 $m_{\tau\tau}$  reconstruction uses **Missing Mass Calculator** Assume non-zero angle between  $\tau s$  and v sSystem of equations with 6-8 unknowns Most likely solution chosen (likelihood)

Nucl. Instrum. Methods, A654, p481-489



 $m_{\tau\tau}^{\text{MMC}}$  is final discriminating variable for  $\tau_{lep}\tau_{lep}$  and  $\tau_{lep}\tau_{had}$ 

### $h/A/H \rightarrow \tau_e \tau_\mu$ and $\tau_{lep} \tau_{had}$

### $\tau_e \tau_\mu$ and $\tau_{lep} \tau_{had}$ Backgrounds

- True bkg: $Z/\gamma * \to \tau \tau$ 
  - Estimated from  $\tau$  embedded  $Z/\gamma*\to\mu\mu$  data
  - Normalized using NNLO Z/γ \* +jets cross section
- Multi-jet
  - two dimensional sideband (A-BCD)

	opposite charge	same charge
lep iso	Α	В
fail iso	С	D
$n = {}^{n}C =$		

 $n_A = \frac{n_C}{n_D} n_B$ 







#### JHEP11(2014)056



### Multi-Jet is dominant background

• Total  $\tau\tau$  transverse mass

$$m_{T}^{total} = \sqrt{m_{T}^{2}(\tau_{1},\tau_{2}) + m_{T}^{2}(\tau_{1},E_{T}^{miss}) + m_{T}^{2}(\tau_{2},E_{T}^{miss})}$$

· Simulation used for remaining Bkg.

### Single $\tau_{had}$ trigger

- $\tau_2$  fail selection (Control Region)
- Normalized with fake efficiencies (QCD)

### $\tau_{had} \tau_{had}$ trigger

Sideband method:  $\tau\tau$  charge,  $E_T^{miss}$ 



400

### $h/A/H \rightarrow \tau \tau$

#### Exclusion limits:

calculated with asymptotic approximation

- $\tau_e \tau_\mu + \tau_{lep} \tau_{had}$  (90  $\leq m_A < 200$  GeV) Sensitive to h, H, A
- $\tau_{lep} \tau_{had}$  (high mass) +  $\tau_{had} \tau_{had}$  ( $m_A \ge 200$  GeV) Sensitive to H, A

```
m_h^{mod^{\pm}} scenario
```

• MSSM  $(m_h^{mod}) \notin [m_A < 200] \cup [\tan \beta < 5.5]$ JHEP11(2014)056



### $m_h^{max}$ scenario

• If 
$$m_h \equiv m_{h_{SM}}~(125.5 \pm 3~{\rm GeV})$$

• MSSM  $(m_h^{max}) \notin [m_A < 160] \cup [\tan\beta < 4] \cup [\tan\beta > 10]$ 

### JHEP11(2014)056



#### Exclusion of single scalar boson $\phi$

ggF or b-associated  $\rightarrow \tau \tau$ 

#### 95% upper limit CL

### ggF exclusion

- $\sigma \times BR > 29$  pb  $(M_{\phi} = 90 \text{GeV})$
- $\sigma \times BR > 7.4 \text{ pb} (M_{\phi} = 1 \text{TeV})$



b-associated exclusion

•  $\sigma \times BR > 6.4 \text{ pb} (M_{\phi} = 90 \text{GeV})$ 

### **Di Higgs Resonant Searches**

Di-Higgs SM rate too low to be observed at current LHC lumi [6]



#### 2HDM XS can be greater than 1 pb [7]



#### RU-NHETC-2013-07



### **Di Higgs Resonant Searches**

## $hh \rightarrow bb\gamma\gamma$

#### HIGG-2013-29

- Non-resonant search expected 1.5 events (1.3  $\pm$  0.5 fitted bkg and 0.17  $\pm$  0.04  $H_{SM})$  Observed 5 events (2.4 $\sigma$ )
- Resonant search:  $min\{p_0\} = 0.002$  at  $m_X = 300$  GeV (3 $\sigma$ ) Chance of fluctuation within range is 0.019 (2.1 $\sigma$ )





### **Di Higgs Resonant Searches**

### $hh \rightarrow bbbb$



### Conclusion

- · Searches for BSM physics are currently taking place in ATLAS.
- Higgs coupling measurements and direct searches are used.
- ATLAS has performed various searches for BSM (2HDM/MSSM), the most recent of which where shown today.
  - $h/A/H \rightarrow \tau \tau$  (MSSM)
  - $H^+ > \tau v + jets (2HDM + MSSM)$
  - Di-Higgs resonances.
- Where no signal is observed:
  - Mode independent UL have been placed on XS and BR.
  - UL have been placed on XS and BR for specific bosons.
  - Phasespace exclusions (2HDM/MSSM).
- Run-II approaching with higher center of mass providing sensitivity improvements in near future.

#### ATL-PHYS-PUB-2013-016



#### The ATLAS Collaboration

Constraints on New Phenomena via Higgs Boson Coupling Measurements with the ATLAS Detector

#### ATLAS-CONF-2014-010, 2014.

### The ATLAS Collaboration

Search for charged Higgs bosons decaying via  $H^{\pm} \rightarrow \tau^{\pm} v$  in hadronic final states using pp collision data at sqrts = 8 TeV with the ATLAS detector. ATLAS-CONF-2014-050, 2014.

#### The ATLAS Collaboration

Search for neutral Higgs bosons of the minimal supersymmetric standard model in pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV with the ATLAS detector JHEP11(2014)056, 2014.

#### 

#### The ATLAS Collaboration

Search For Higgs Boson Pair Production in the  $\gamma\gamma b\bar{b}$  Final State using pp Collision Data at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV from the ATLAS Detector HIGG-2013-29, 2014.

#### The ATLAS Collaboration

A search for resonant Higgs-pair production in the  $b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$  final state in pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV ATLAS-CONF-2014-005, 2014.



Baglio, J. and Djouadi, A. and Grober, R. et al. The measurement of the Higgs self-coupling at the LHC:theoretical status JHEP 1304 (2013) 151, 2013.

Nathaniel, C. and Jamison, G. and Scott, T. Searching for Signs of the Second Higgs Doublet RU-NHETC-2013-07, 2013.







ATLAS Preliminary

H→WW→evuv

Exp. 95% CL
 Exp. 99% CL
 Obs. 95% CL

Obs. 99% CL

m<sub>H</sub> [GeV]

300

250

2HDM Type-I tanβ=3

### $H \rightarrow WW$

cos(α)

0.5

-0.5

150

### Backup





200



### $H \rightarrow WW$

### Backup









### **Backup**

### $H^{\pm} \rightarrow \tau^{\pm} \nu$ + jets



$$N_{\tau} = N_{\text{embedded}} \cdot \left(1 - c_{\tau \to \mu}\right) \frac{\epsilon^{\tau + E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}-\text{trigger}}}}{\epsilon^{\mu - \text{ID}, \text{trigger}}} \times \mathcal{B}(\tau \to \text{hadrons} + \nu),$$

Low mass

High mass





### Backup

### $H^{\pm} \rightarrow \tau^{\pm} \nu + \mathbf{jets}$





#### High Mass





 $\frac{\text{MSSM tau tau}}{\text{Result of } m_h^{mod}}$ 

