

# Searches for Electroweak SUSY Production with Higgs Bosons at CMS

David Morse

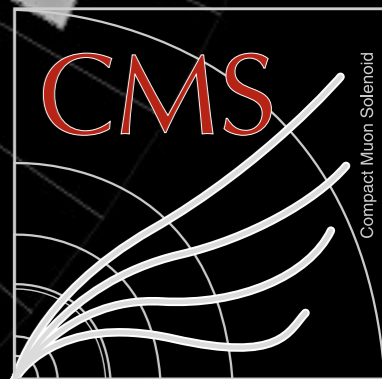
on behalf of the CMS collaboration



Northeastern

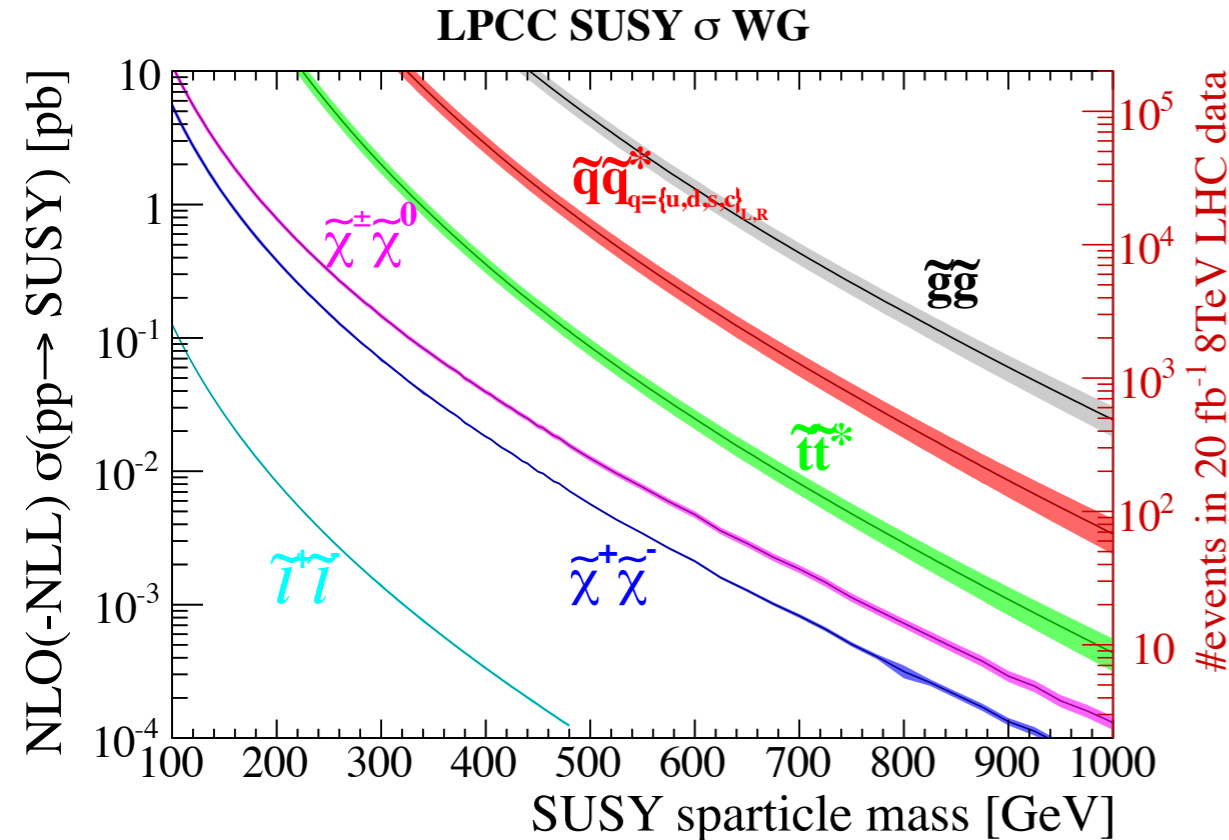
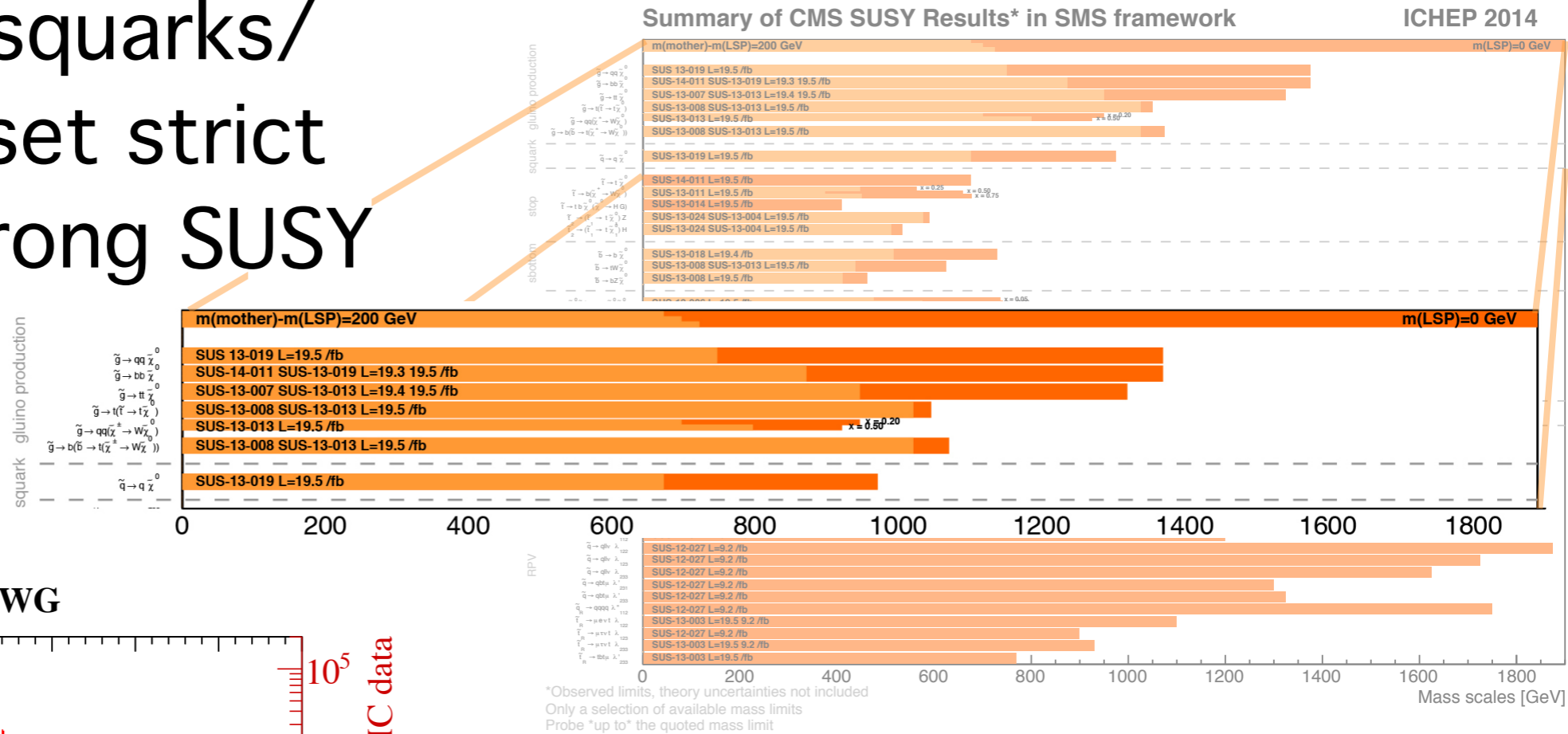
Kruger 2014

Discovery Physics at the LHC



# Electroweak SUSY

Searches for squarks/  
gluinos have set strict  
bounds on strong SUSY  
production



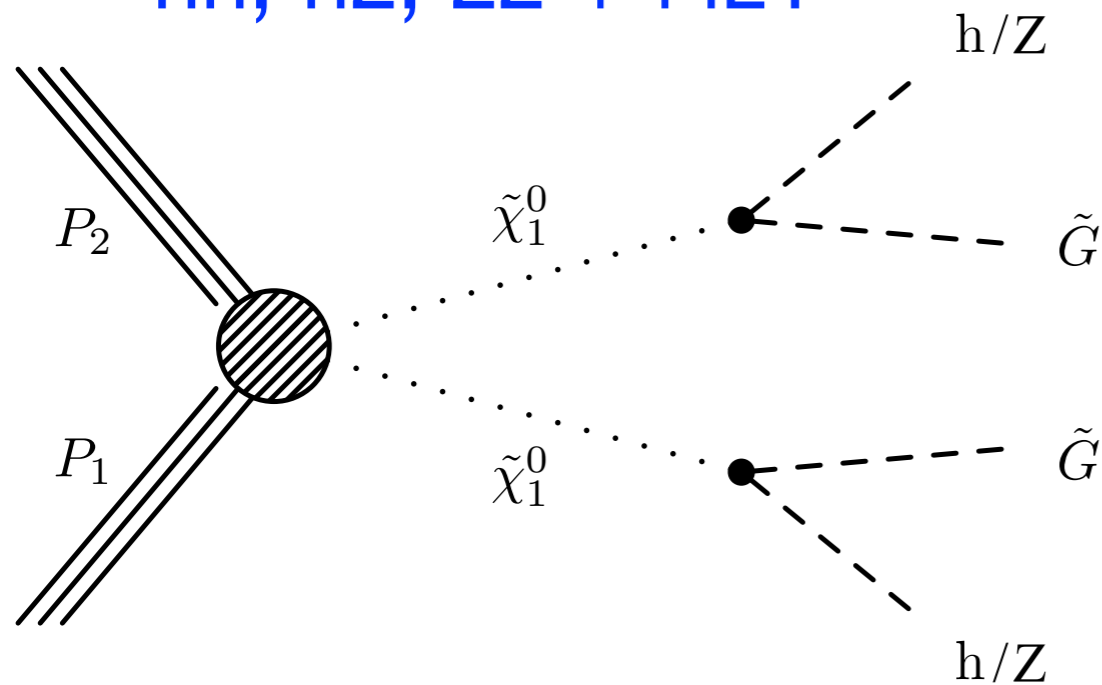
Direct electroweak production  
of charginos / neutralinos  
has smaller cross sections  
and lower jet multiplicities

# Electroweak Signatures

## 2 main models, many final states

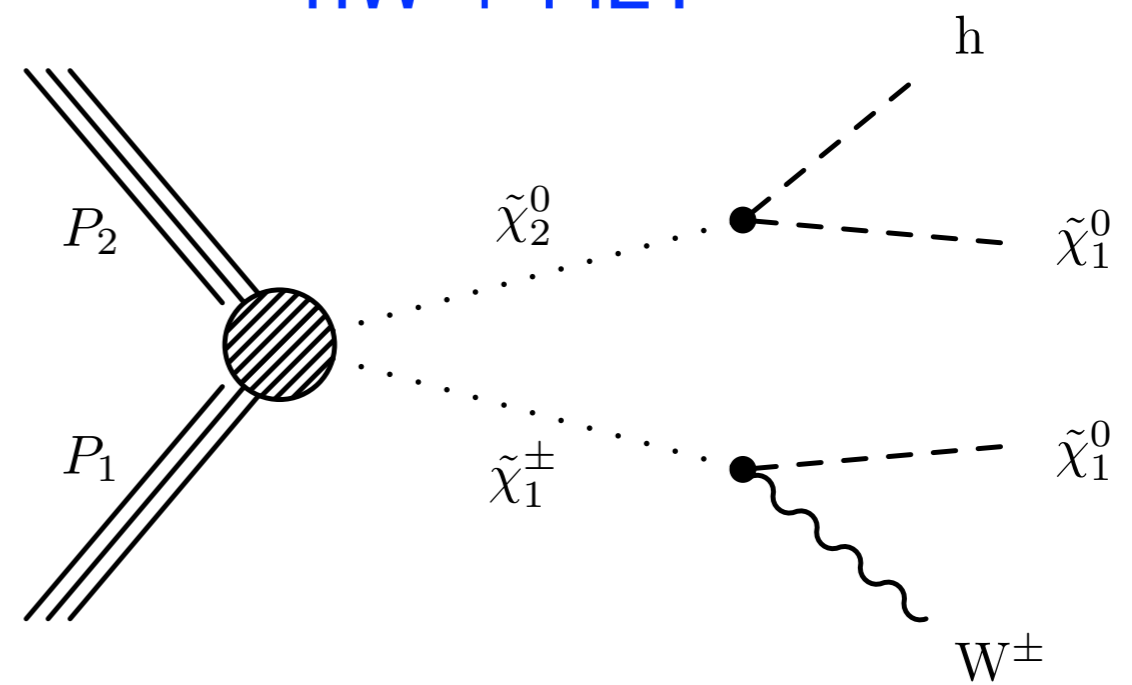
–GMSB model with Higgsino NLSP and  $\sim$ massless  $\tilde{G}$  LSP

- $hh, hZ, ZZ + MET$



–Chargino/neutralino co-NLSP with massive  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  LSP

- $hW + MET$



Discovery of  $\sim 125$  GeV Higgs Boson provides new SUSY search handle: “higgs tagging”

Here  $h$  is lightest SUSY CP-even higgs, which can be SM-like, if other higgs-es are heavy

# Channels & Documentation

- Search Channels

- $h(\gamma\gamma)+\text{hadrons}$  . . . . . SUS-14-002
- $h(\gamma\gamma)+\text{leptons}$  . . . . . SUS-14-002
- $h(bb)Z(\ell\ell)$  . . . . . SUS-14-002
- $hh\rightarrow 4b$  . . . . . SUS-13-022
- Inclusive multi leptons . . . . . SUS-13-002 arXiv:1404.5801 accepted by PRD
- $Z(\ell\ell)Z(jj)$  . . . . . SUS-13-006 arXiv:1405.7570 Eur. Phys. J. C 74 (2014) 3036

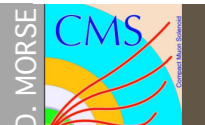
All results use  
 $19.5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  @  $\sqrt{s}=8 \text{ TeV}$

- $hW+\text{MET}$  reinterpretation of SUS-13-017 with addition of  $h\rightarrow\gamma\gamma$  channels . . . . . SUS-14-002

arXiv:1409.3168  
Phys. Rev. D 90 (2014) 092007

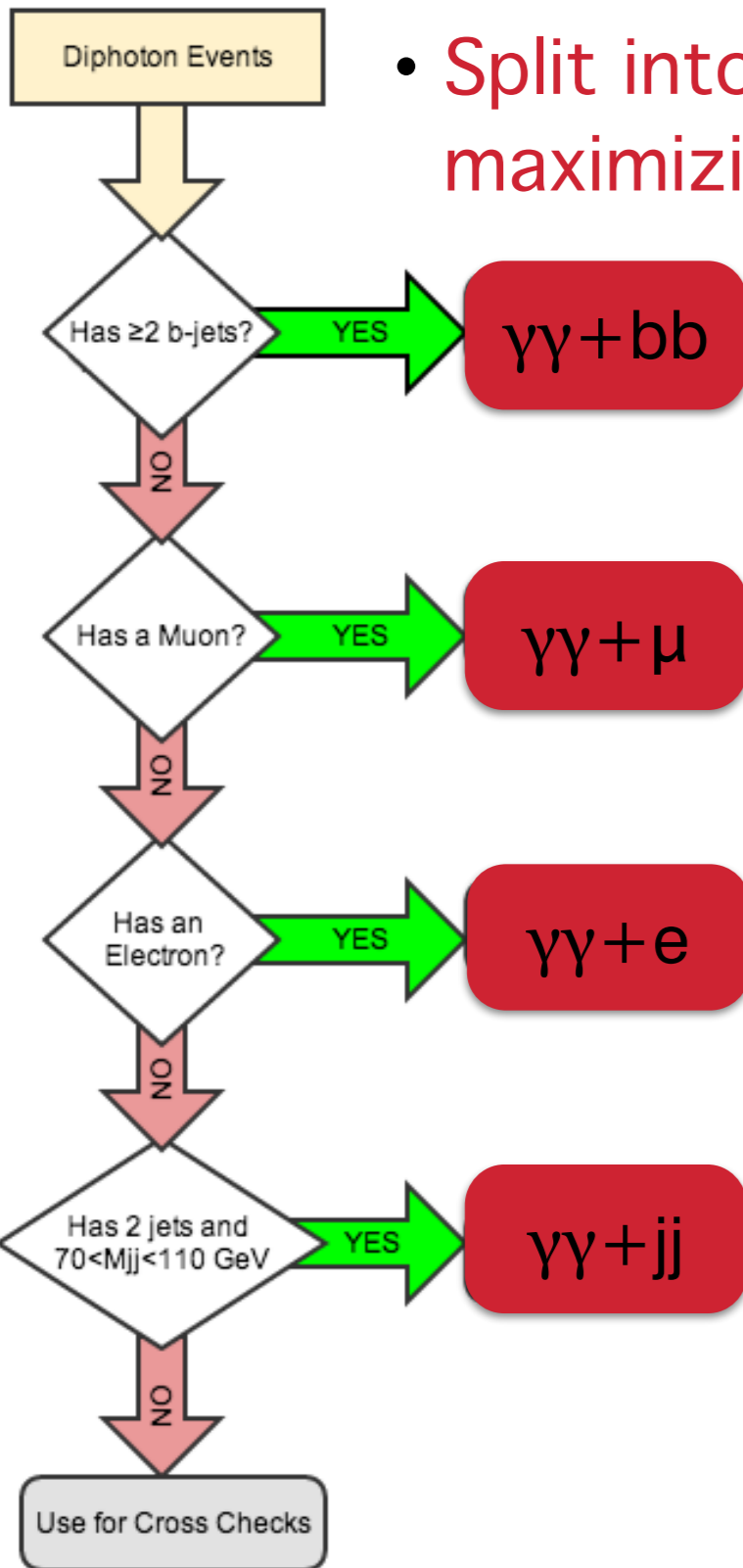
- Higgsino Combination & Interpretation . . . . . SUS-14-002

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/viewauth/CMSPublic/PhysicsResultsSUS14002>



# $\gamma\gamma+X$

- Split into 4 orthogonal channels, preferentially maximizing sensitivity and purity

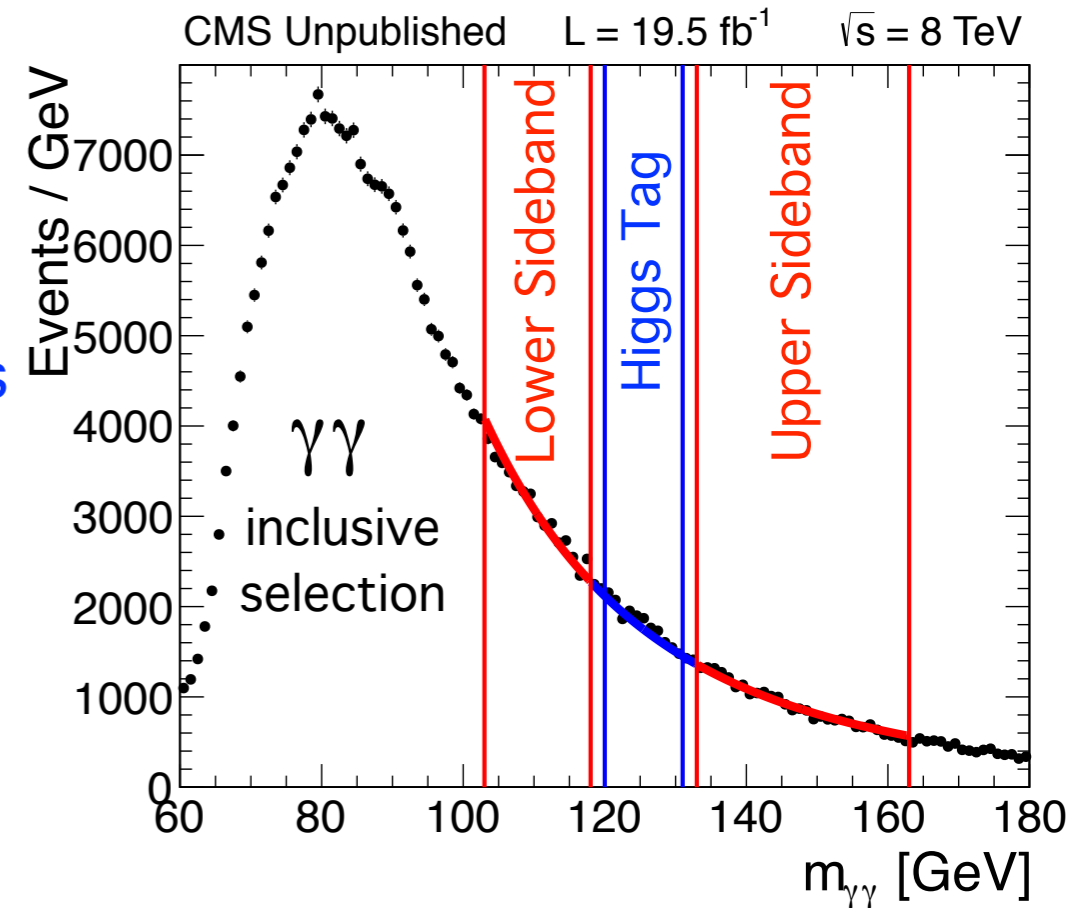


1. Make  $\gamma\gamma+X$  selection
2. SM non-Higgs background estimated using sidebands of Higgs mass window

- Kinematic shapes taken from lower and upper sidebands

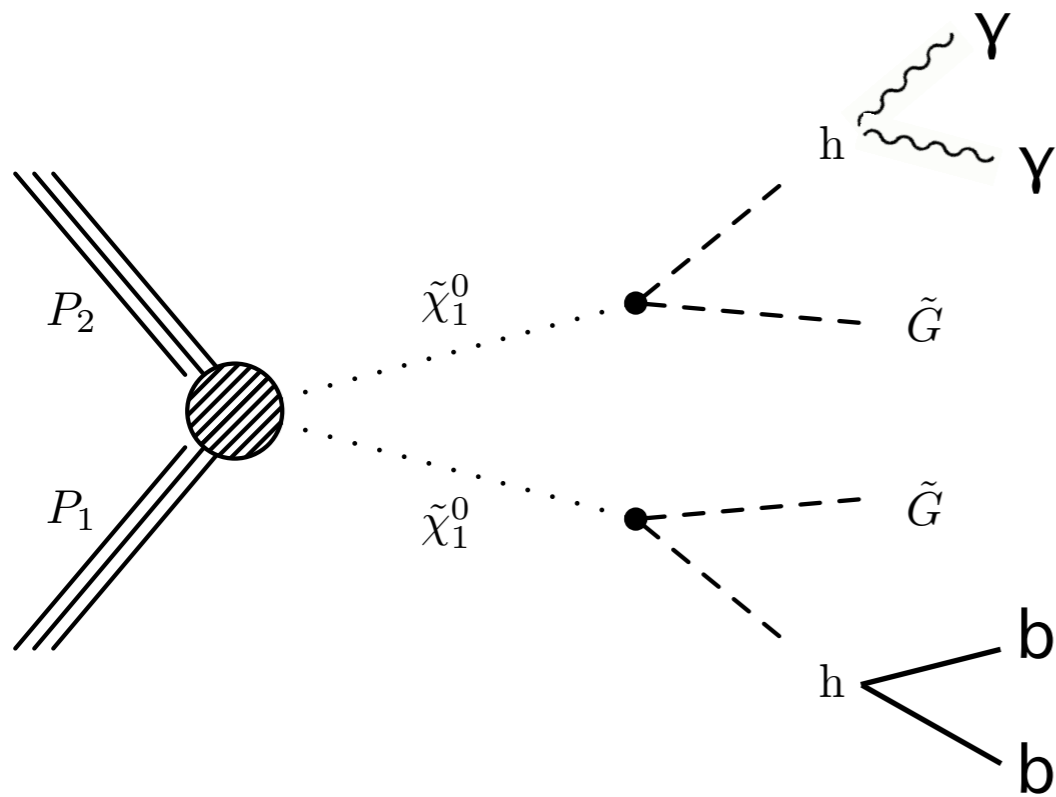
- Each channel makes a power law fit to the invariant mass distribution, excluding the Higgs Tag window
- Extrapolation into Higgs Tag window gives normalization of non-Higgs SM backgrounds

3. SM Higgs background estimated from simulation
4. Compare data in Higgs Tag window with SM background expectation in a sensitive variable



# $\gamma\gamma+bb - 2$ Higgs Channel

- Targets higgsino model, hh production with  $h(\gamma\gamma)h(bb)$ 
  - Require exactly 2 b-jets in Higgs mass window
  - Discriminating variable: Higgs  $S_T = (\vec{p}_{\gamma_1} + \vec{p}_{\gamma_2})_T + (\vec{p}_{b_1} + \vec{p}_{b_2})_T$
  - SM Higgs contribution negligible

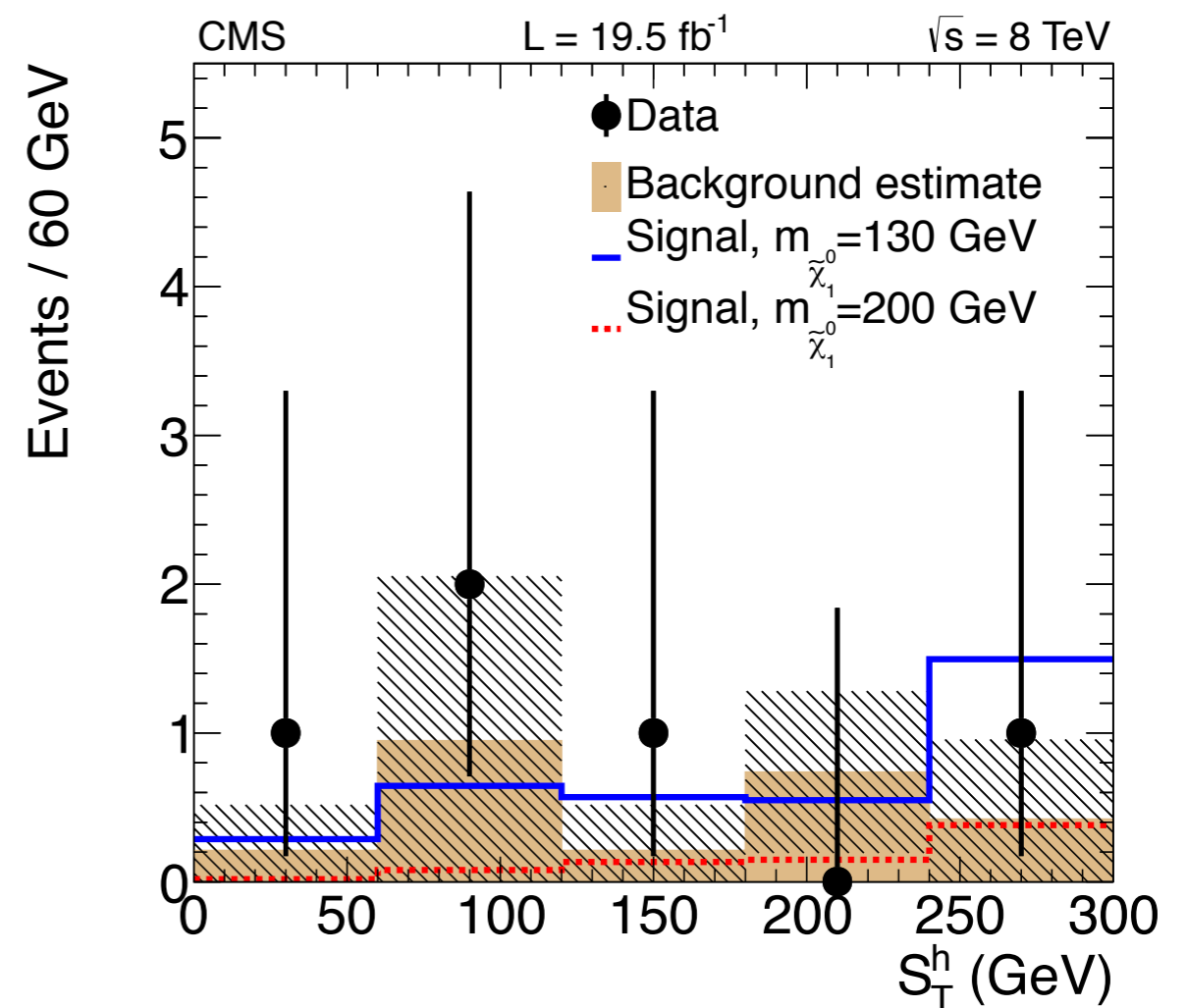
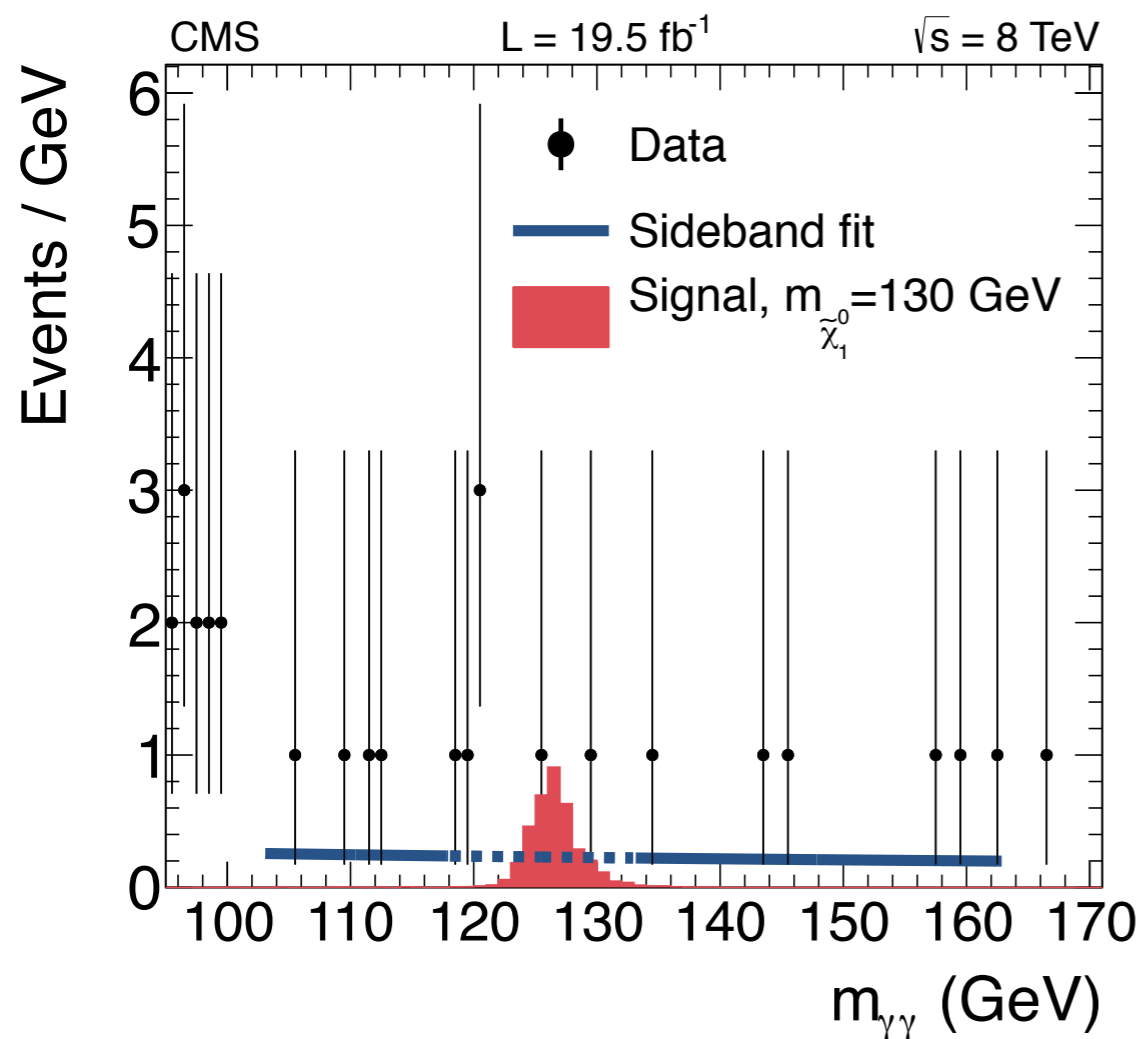


- All channels use identical photon selection and background estimation methods

- 2 barrel photons,  $|\eta| < 1.4442$
- Leading (trailing) photon  $E_T > 40$  (25)
- $\Delta R(\gamma_1, \gamma_2) > 0.5$ ,  $\Delta\phi(\gamma_1, \gamma_2) > 0.05$

# $\gamma\gamma+bb$ Results

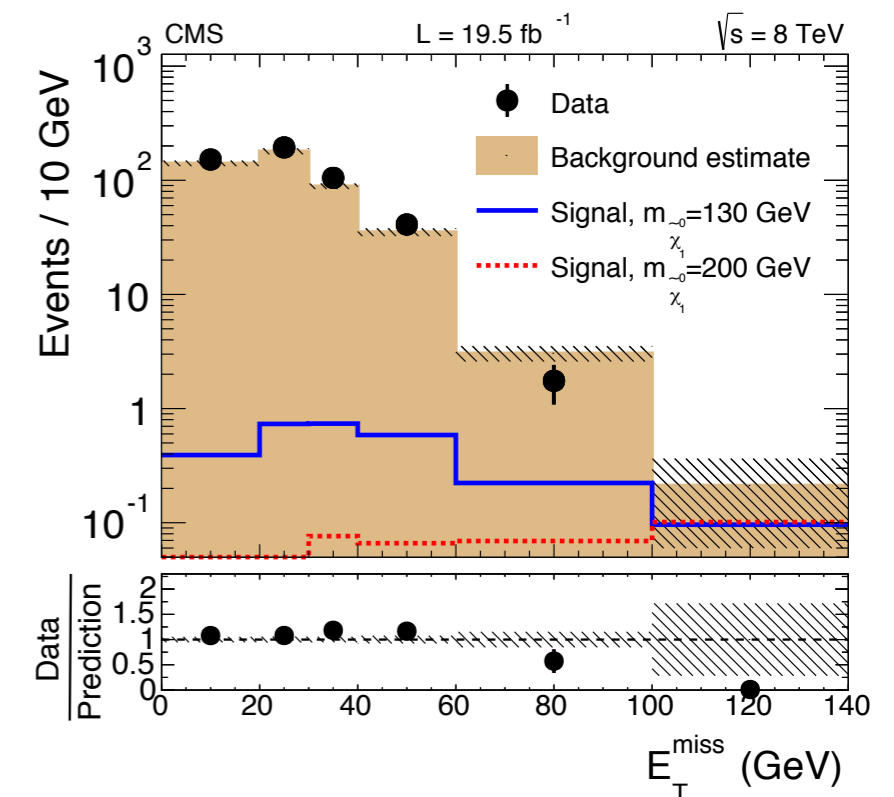
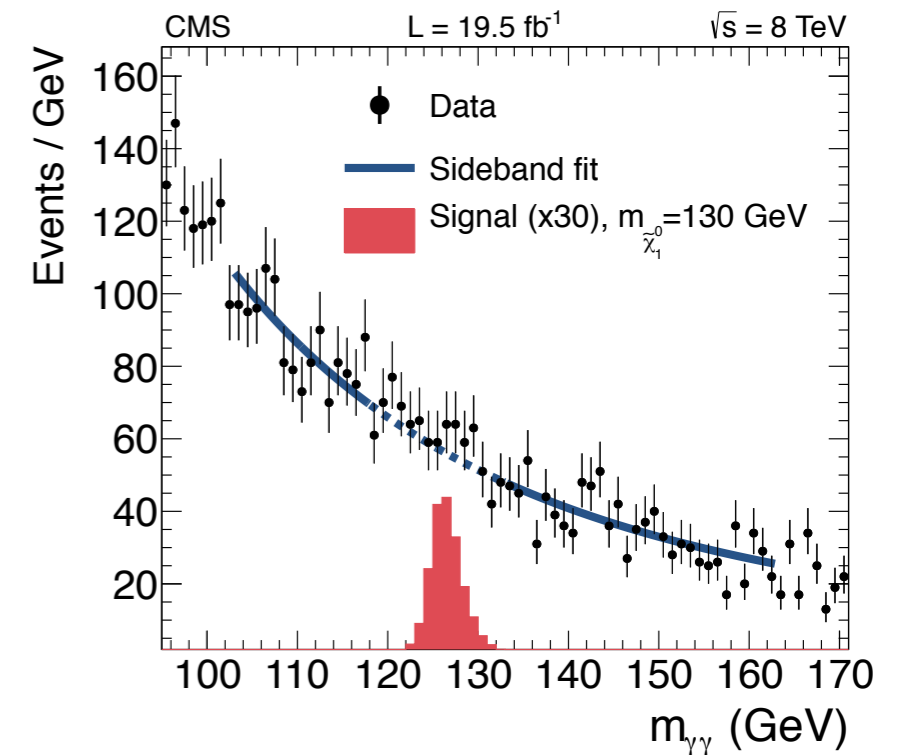
$S_T^h$ bin (GeV)	SM background	Data	hh events, $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 130$ GeV
0–60	$0.21^{+0.28}_{-0.21}$	1	$0.28 \pm 0.03$
60–120	$0.95^{+0.99}_{-0.95}$	2	$0.63 \pm 0.04$
120–180	$0.21^{+0.29}_{-0.21}$	1	$0.55 \pm 0.04$
180–240	$0.74 \pm 0.38$	0	$0.53 \pm 0.04$
>240	$0.42^{+0.49}_{-0.42}$	1	$1.46 \pm 0.06$



# $\Upsilon\Upsilon+jj$

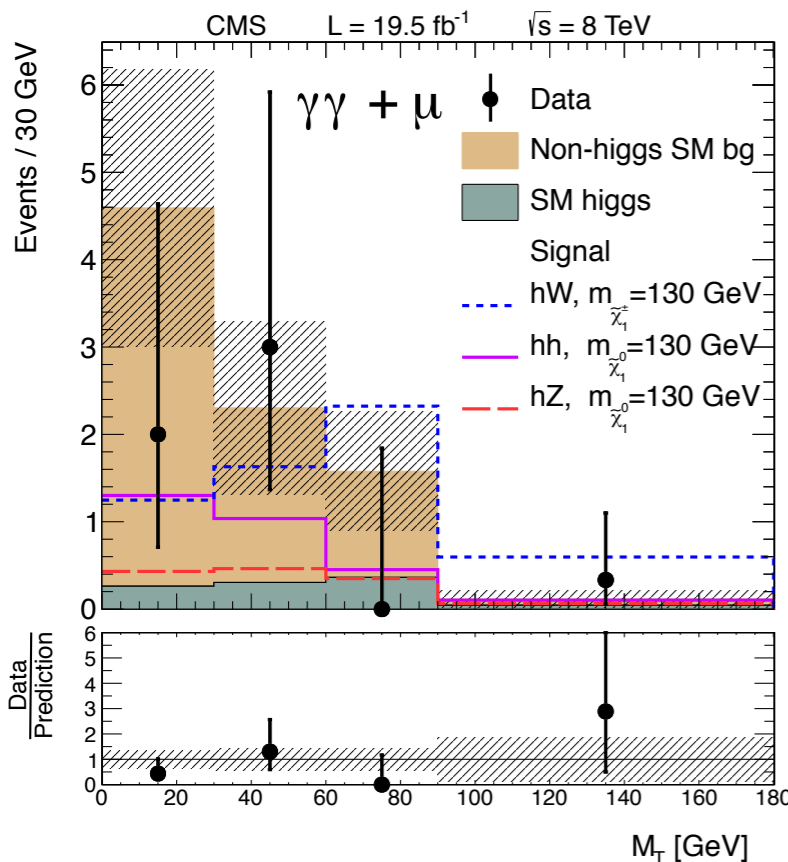
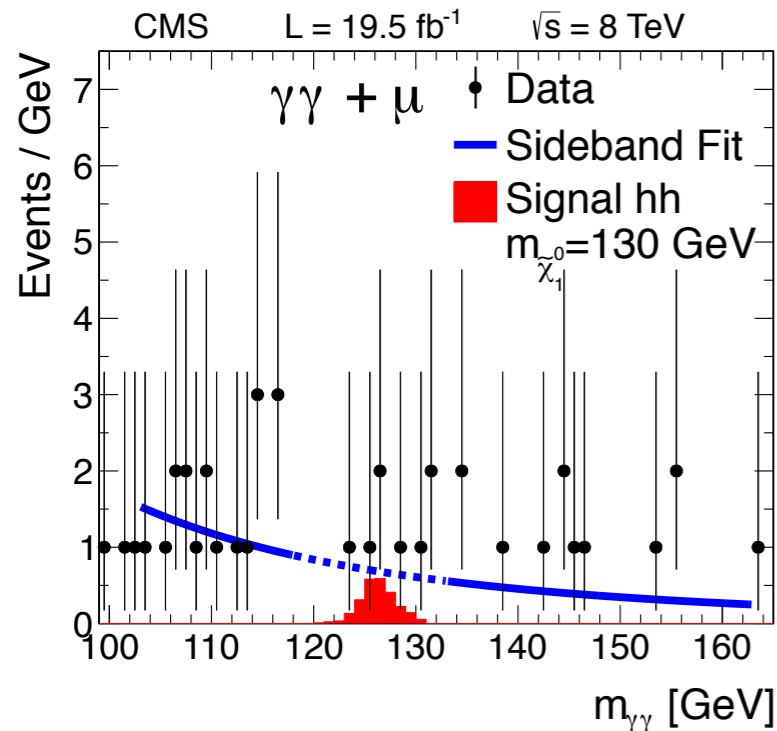
- Targets  $hV$  production with  $h(\gamma\gamma)W/Z(jj)$ 
  - Veto events with  $\geq 1$  medium ID b-jet or  $\geq 2$  loose ID b-jets
  - Veto events with  $\geq 1$  muon/electron
  - Require jets in  $W/Z$  mass window  $65 < M_{jj} < 120$  GeV
  - **MET is discriminating variable**

$E_T^{\text{miss}}$ (GeV)	SM background	Data	$hZ$ events, $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 130$ GeV
0-20	$282 \pm 15$	305	$0.76 \pm 0.03$
20-30	$180 \pm 10$	195	$0.71 \pm 0.03$
30-40	$89.0 \pm 4.7$	105	$0.72 \pm 0.03$
40-60	$70.8 \pm 5.0$	82	$1.14 \pm 0.04$
60-100	$12.2 \pm 1.9$	7	$0.87 \pm 0.03$
>100	$0.85 \pm 0.61$	0	$0.37 \pm 0.02$





# $\gamma\gamma + \text{Muon}$



- Targets hh, hZ, hW

- Requires  $\leq 1$  b-jet,  $\geq 1$  muon

– lepton  $p_T > 15$

–  $\Delta R(\ell, \gamma) > 0.3$

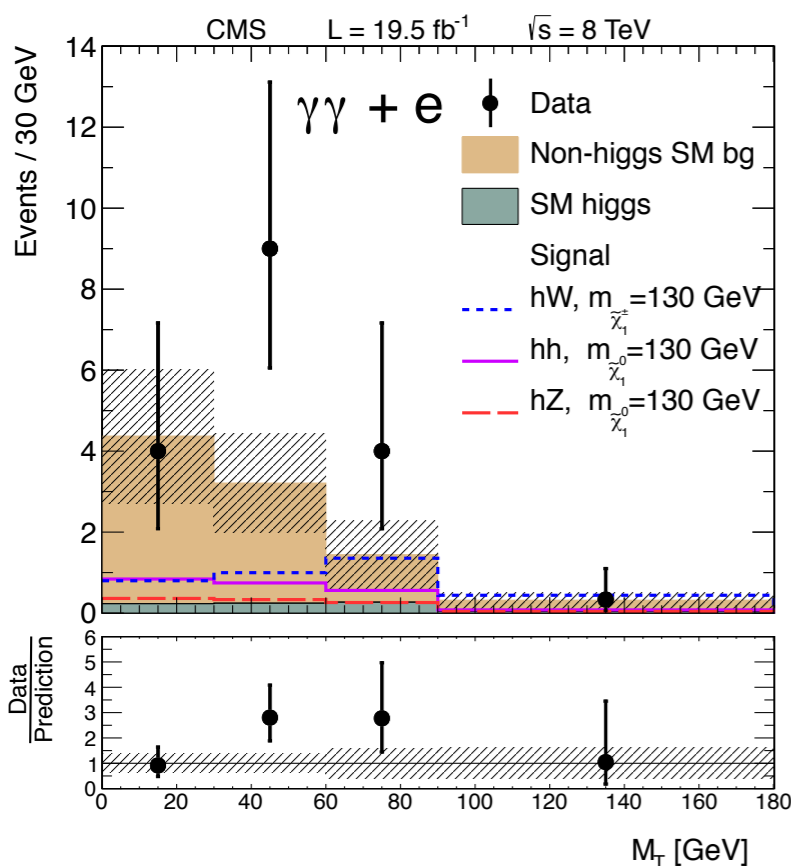
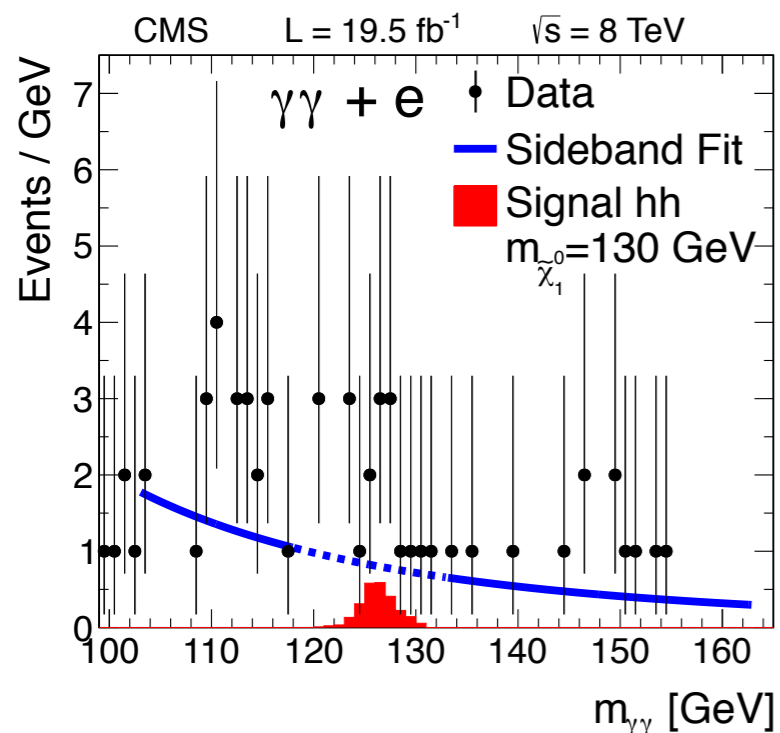
same for  $\gamma\gamma + \text{electron}$

- Discriminating variable is transverse mass of lepton and missing energy

$$M_T = \sqrt{2E_T^{\text{lepton}} E_T^{\text{miss}} \left(1 - \cos(\Delta\phi_{\text{lepton}, E_T^{\text{miss}}})\right)}$$

$M_T$ (GeV)	Muon sample			Electron sample		
	SM background	Data	hW events	SM background	Data	hW events
0–30	$4.6 \pm 1.6$	2	$1.2 \pm 0.1$	$4.4 \pm 1.7$	4	$0.80 \pm 0.06$
30–60	$2.31 \pm 0.99$	3	$1.5 \pm 0.1$	$3.2 \pm 1.2$	9	$1.0 \pm 0.1$
60–90	$1.59 \pm 0.68$	0	$2.1 \pm 0.1$	$1.44 \pm 0.85$	4	$1.4 \pm 0.1$
>90	$0.35 \pm 0.30$	1	$1.6 \pm 0.1$	$0.96 \pm 0.58$	1	$1.3 \pm 0.1$

# $\gamma\gamma$ +Electron

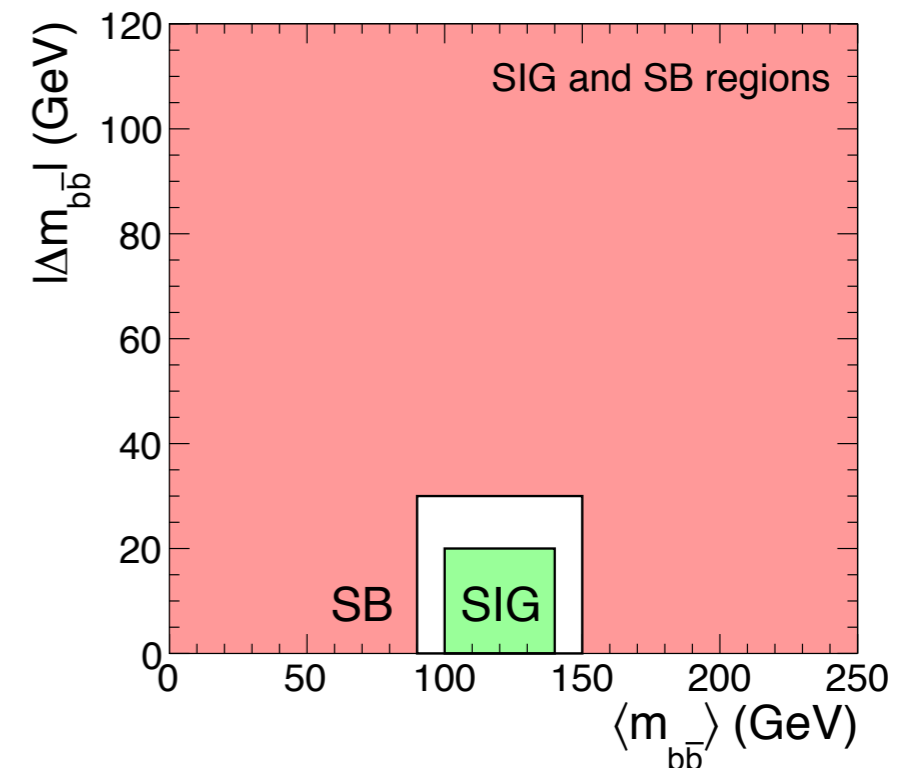
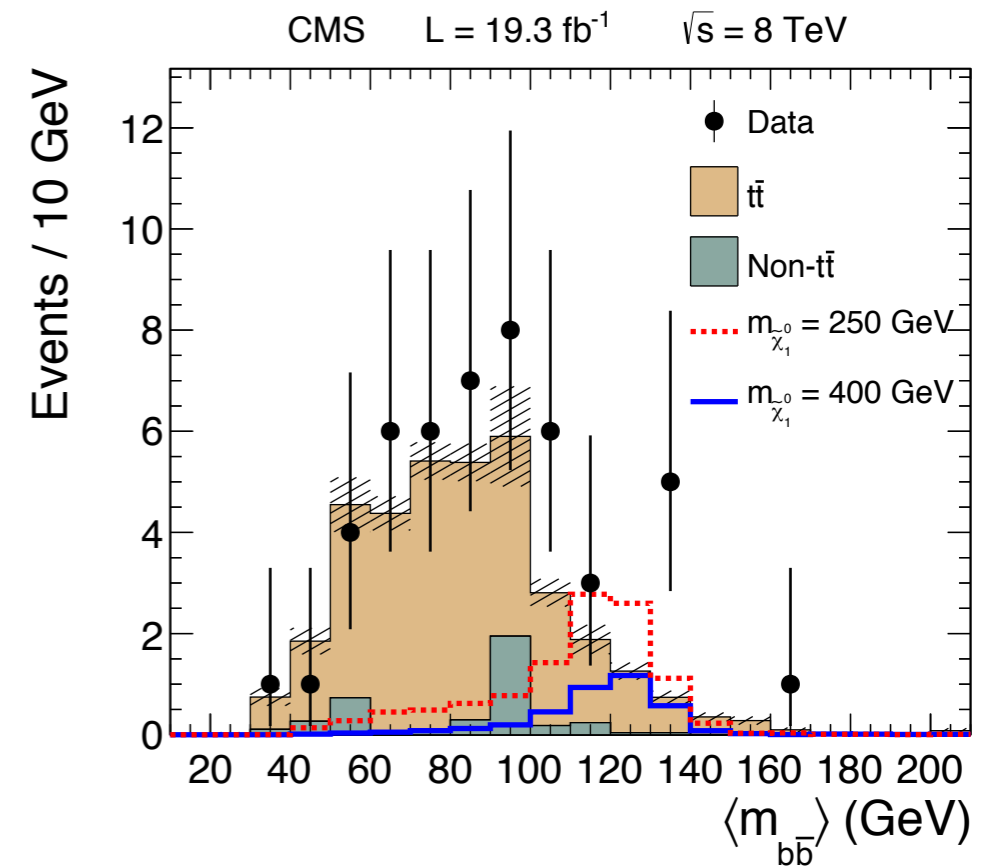


- **Targets hh, hZ, hW**
- Requires  $\leq 1$  b-jet, 0 muons,  $\geq 1$  electron
  - Veto  $86 < M_{e\gamma} < 96$  to avoid Z contamination through  $e \rightarrow \gamma$  mis-id
- **Broad  $2.1\sigma$  excess in electron channel**
  - Excess events not signal-like (low MET)
  - Many checks to validate robustness of fit and background estimate
  - Consistent with statistical fluctuation

$M_T$ (GeV)	Muon sample			Electron sample		
	SM background	Data	hW events	SM background	Data	hW events
0–30	$4.6 \pm 1.6$	2	$1.2 \pm 0.1$	$4.4 \pm 1.7$	4	$0.80 \pm 0.06$
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# hh → 4b

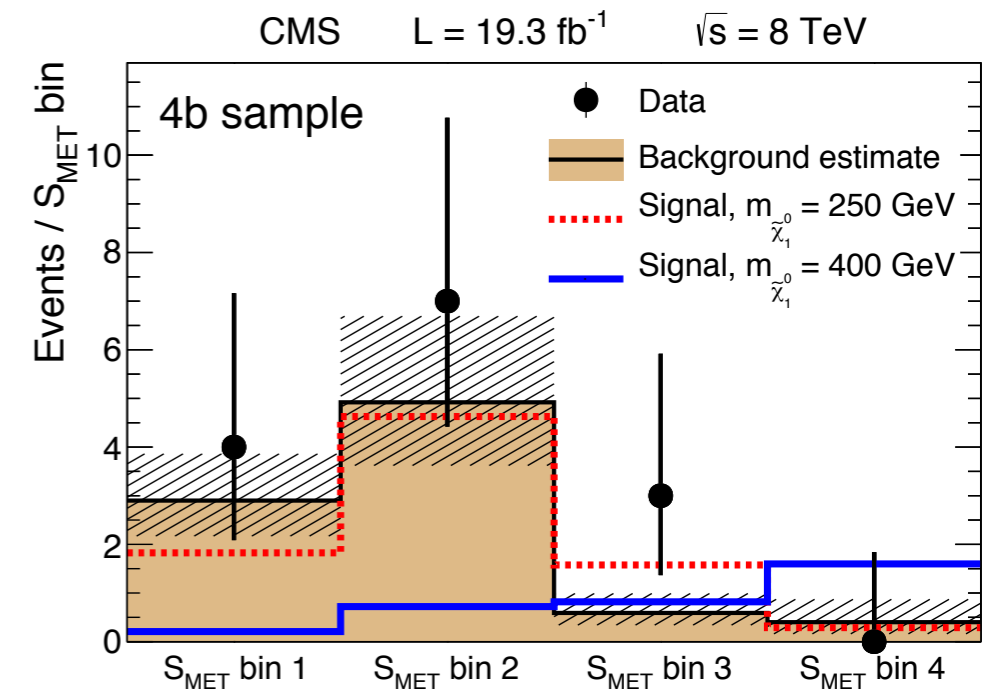
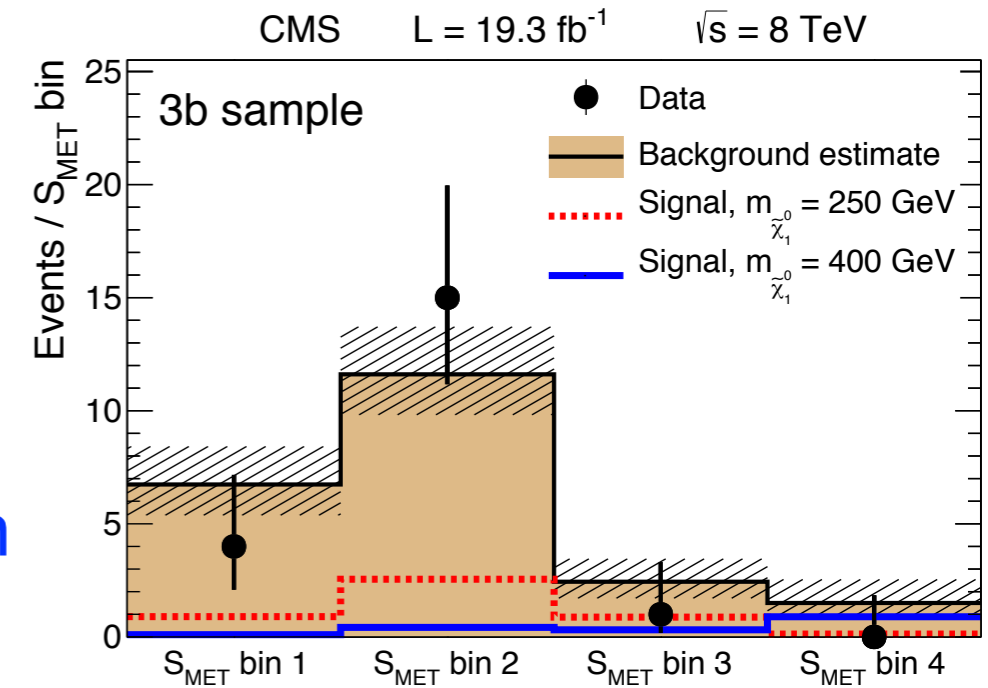
- Benefits from largest higgs branching fraction  $BR(h \rightarrow bb) \approx 56\%$
- Selects exactly 4 or 5 jets, 2 of which have tight b-tags
  - 4 highest b-tag value jets are selected
  - Double Higgs reconstruction chosen to minimize  $|\Delta m_{jj}| \equiv |m_{jj,1} - m_{jj,2}|$
- ALL SM backgrounds ( $t\bar{t}$ , single top, Vjets, QCD) estimated with ABCD method
  - Sidebands in  $\langle M_{bb} \rangle$  and  $\Delta M_{bb}$
  - Background extrapolated from 2b sample
$$4b_{\text{SIG}} = \frac{2b_{\text{SIG}}}{2b_{\text{SB}}} 4b_{\text{SB}}$$



# hh → 4b

- Search performed in MET significance  $S_{\text{MET}}$ 
  - Accounts for jet resolution on event by event basis
  - Better rejection of fake MET, discrimination between signal and background
- Data Consistent with background estimate

$S_{\text{MET}}$ bin	$S_{\text{MET}}$ range	SM background (3b-SIG)	Data (3b-SIG)	SM background (4b-SIG)	Data (4b-SIG)
1	30 – 50	$6.7^{+1.4+1.0}_{-1.1-0.7}$	4	$2.9^{+0.8+0.5}_{-0.6-0.4}$	4
2	50 – 100	$11.6^{+1.9+0.9}_{-1.6-0.7}$	15	$4.9^{+1.1+1.4}_{-0.9-0.9}$	7
3	100 – 150	$2.44^{+0.84+0.56}_{-0.64-0.35}$	1	$0.59^{+0.39+0.09}_{-0.26-0.09}$	3
4	> 150	$1.50^{+0.82+0.64}_{-0.54-0.32}$	0	$0.40^{+0.39+0.26}_{-0.22-0.10}$	0

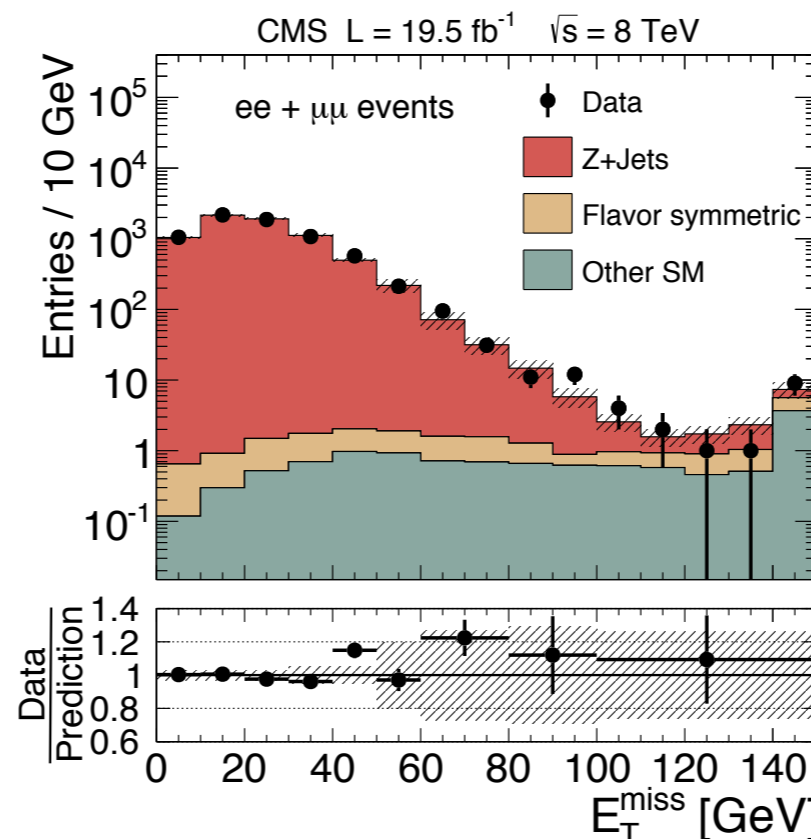


# $hZ \rightarrow 2b2\ell$

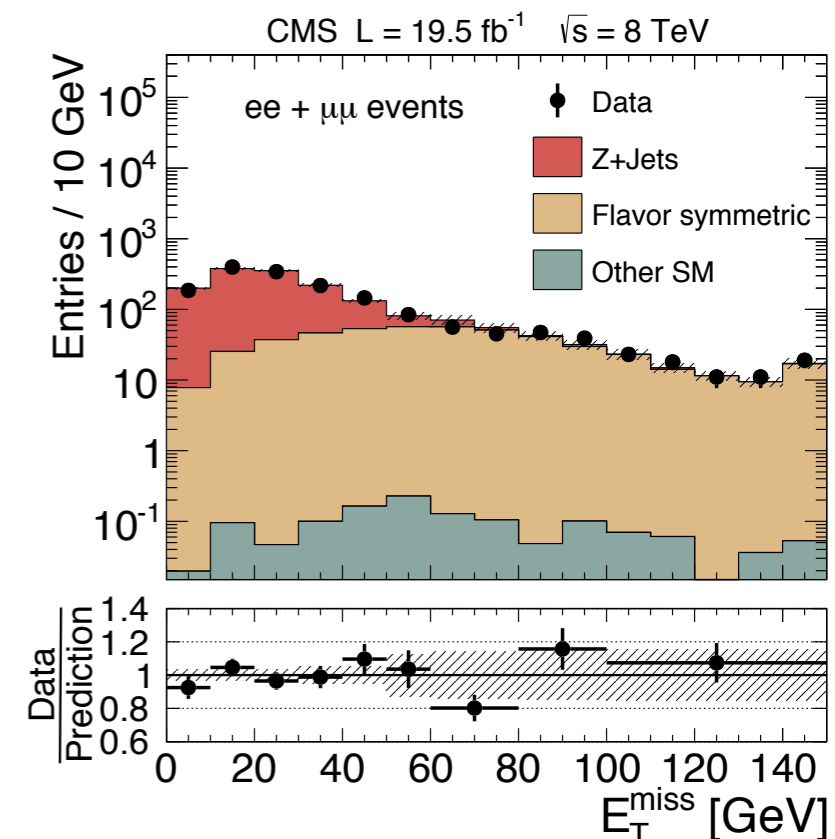
- Higgs-tagging: Two most b-like jets in the event must be reconstructed in the Higgs window  $100 < m_{bb} < 150$
- Z-tagging: Require exactly 1  $e^+e^-$  or  $\mu^+\mu^-$  pair with  $81 < m_{\ell\ell} < 101$

- Veto 3rd lepton and hadronic taus to avoid overlap with other searches

Z+Jets enriched control sample



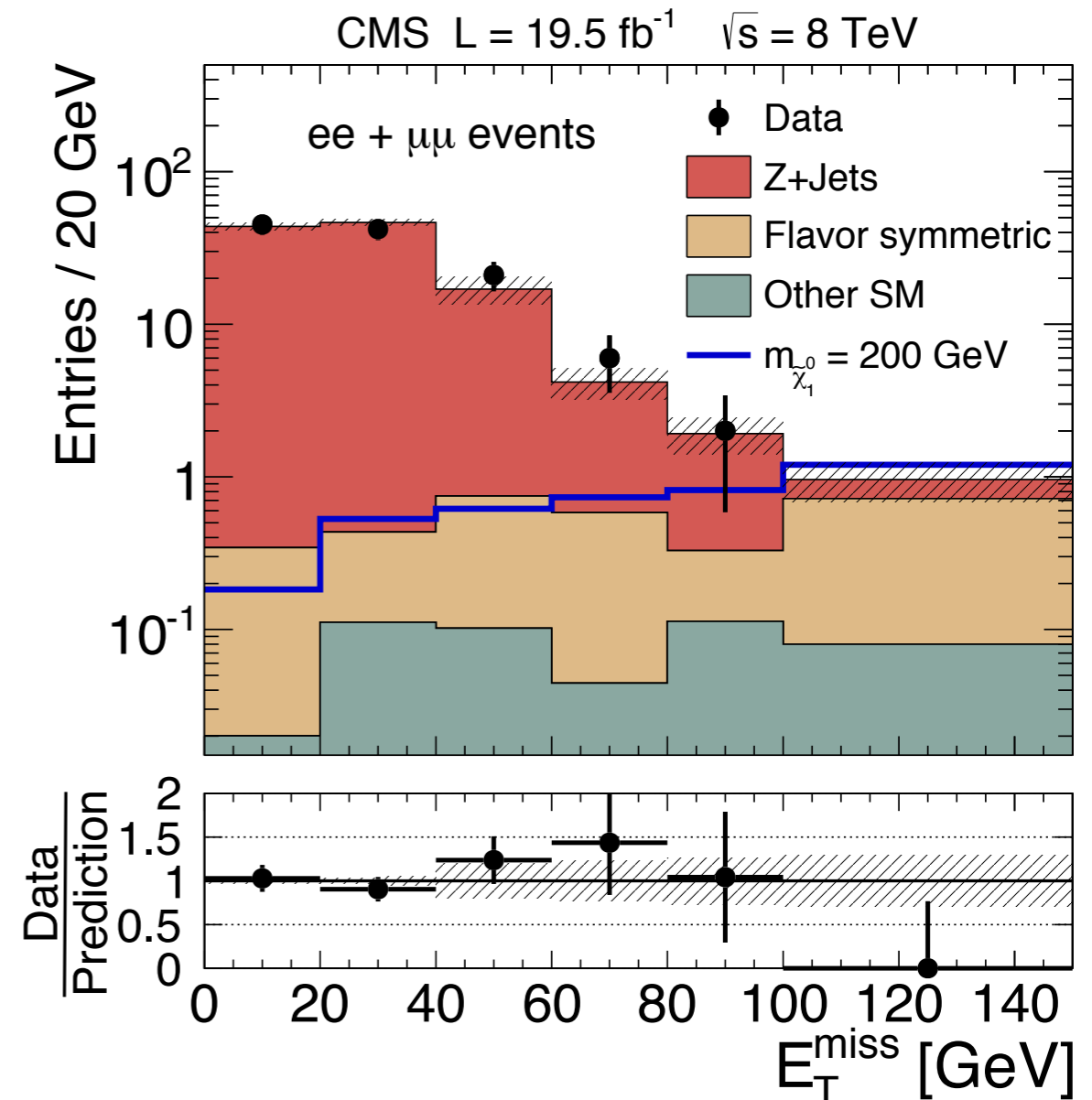
$t\bar{t}$  enriched control sample



# $hZ \rightarrow 2b2\ell$

- Z+Jets shape estimated using MET template using  $\gamma$ +Jets control sample, normalized to data yield in MET < 50
- Flavor symmetric ( $t\bar{t}$ , WW,  $\tau\tau$ , tW) MET shape template and normalization from  $e\mu$  sample
- Other SM background estimated from simulation
- **Data consistent with background estimate**

	$E_T^{\text{miss}} > 60 \text{ GeV}$	$E_T^{\text{miss}} > 80 \text{ GeV}$	$E_T^{\text{miss}} > 100 \text{ GeV}$
Z+jets bkg	$5.7 \pm 1.8$	$2.2 \pm 0.9$	$0.6 \pm 0.3$
Flavor symmetric	$2.4 \pm 0.9$	$1.8 \pm 0.7$	$1.6 \pm 0.6$
Other SM bkg	$0.3 \pm 0.2$	$0.3 \pm 0.2$	$0.2 \pm 0.1$
Total SM bkg	$8.5 \pm 2.0$	$4.3 \pm 1.2$	$2.4 \pm 0.7$
Data	8	2	0
<b>hZ events</b>			
$m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 130 \text{ GeV}$	$5.4 \pm 0.1$	$3.1 \pm 0.1$	$1.7 \pm 0.1$
$m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 150 \text{ GeV}$	$5.3 \pm 0.1$	$3.3 \pm 0.1$	$2.0 \pm 0.1$
$m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 200 \text{ GeV}$	$4.7 \pm 0.1$	$4.2 \pm 0.1$	$3.3 \pm 0.1$
$m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 250 \text{ GeV}$	$3.5 \pm 0.1$	$3.2 \pm 0.1$	$2.8 \pm 0.1$



# Multilepton & ZZ Searches

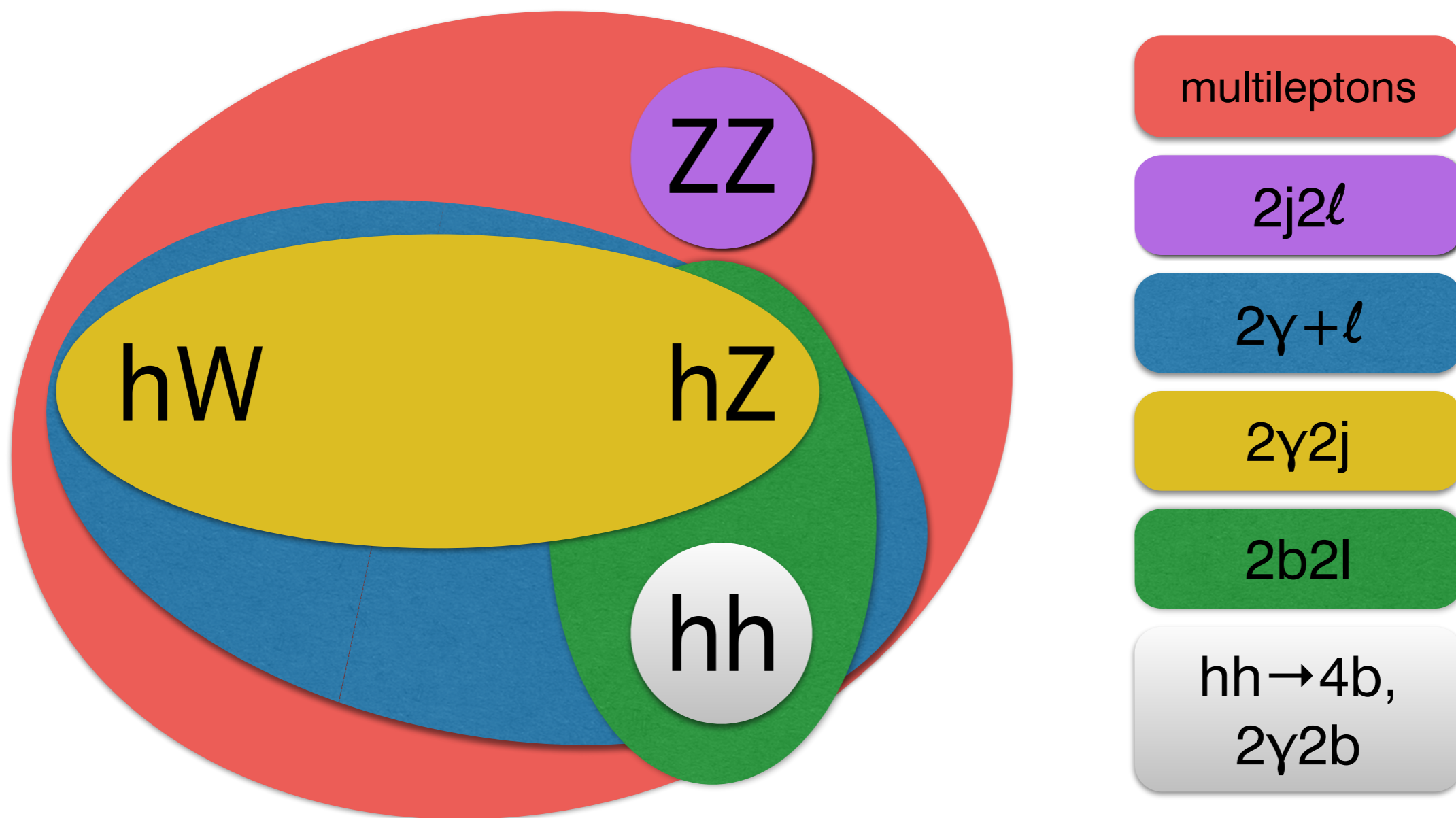
- $ZZ \rightarrow 2\ell 2j$  CMS-SUS-13-006 arXiv:1405.7570 Eur. Phys. J. C 74 (2014) 3036
  - di-lepton pair and di-jet pair in Z window
  - MET is discriminating variable
- **Multileptons** CMS-SUS-13-002 arXiv:1404.5801 accepted by PRD
  - Searches with at least 3 leptons, including up to 1 hadronic tau
  - Channels binned in  $N_{lep}$ ,  $N_\tau$ ,  $N_{OSSF}$  lepton pairs,  $m_{\ell\ell}$ ,  $N_{b-jets}$ ,  $H_T$ , MET
  - tt, di-boson and rare SM backgrounds taken from simulation
  - fake taus, fake electrons, photon conversion backgrounds from data driven methods

- Excess over SM background expectation in 1 channel, local significance:  $2.6\sigma$ 
  - Many studies performed, believed to be statistical fluctuation

$N_\ell$	$N_{\tau_h}$	$N_{OSSF}$	$m_{\ell\ell}$ range	$E_T^{miss}$ (GeV)	SM background	Data	hh events, $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 150$ GeV
3	0	0	—	0-50	$51 \pm 11$	53	$3.1 \pm 0.6$
3	0	0	—	50-100	$38 \pm 15$	35	$2.7 \pm 0.6$
3	0	1	Below-Z	50-100	$130 \pm 27$	142	$7.4 \pm 1.6$
3	1	0	—	50-100	$400 \pm 150$	406	$8.0 \pm 1.4$
4	0	1	Off-Z	50-100	$0.2 \pm 0.1$	0	$0.5 \pm 0.2$
4	1	1	Off-Z	0-50	$7.5 \pm 2.0$	15	$0.8 \pm 0.2$
4	1	1	Off-Z	50-100	$2.1 \pm 0.5$	4	$0.7 \pm 0.2$

# Interpretations

- Interpretations made in all allowed combinations of di-boson final states



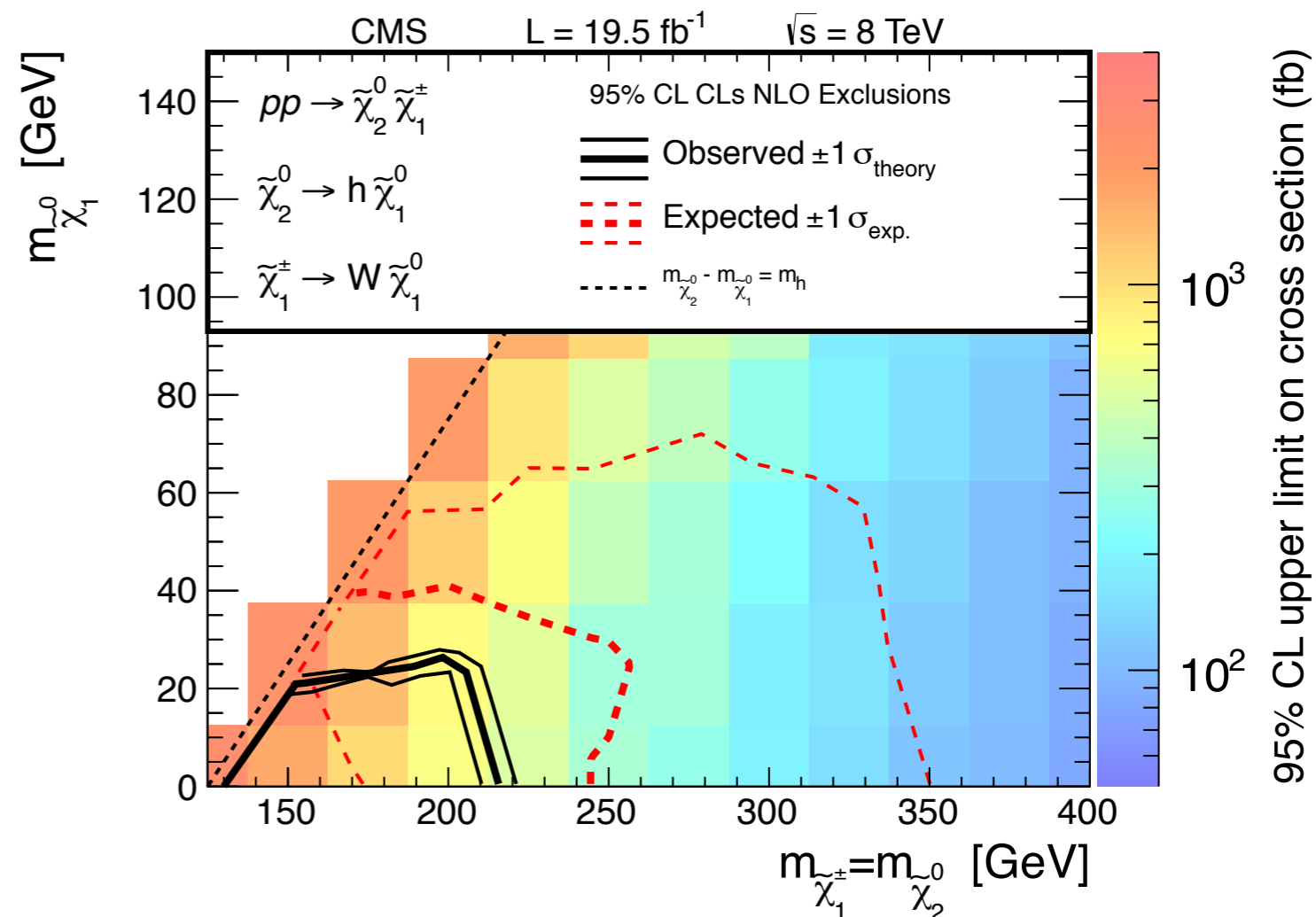
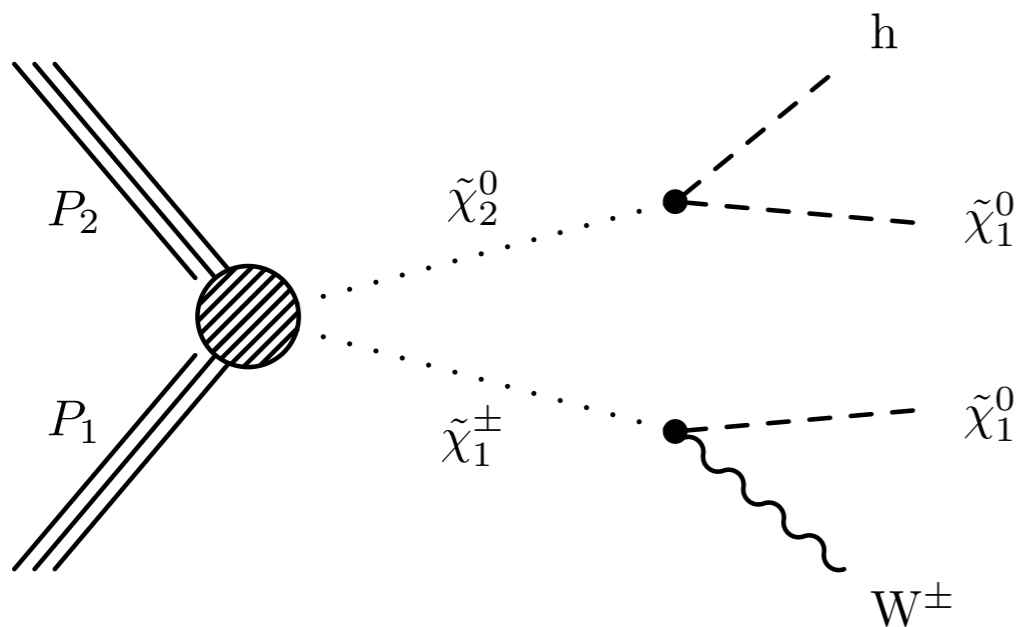


# Chargino/Neutralino Production

## Mass degenerate Chargino/ Neutralino production

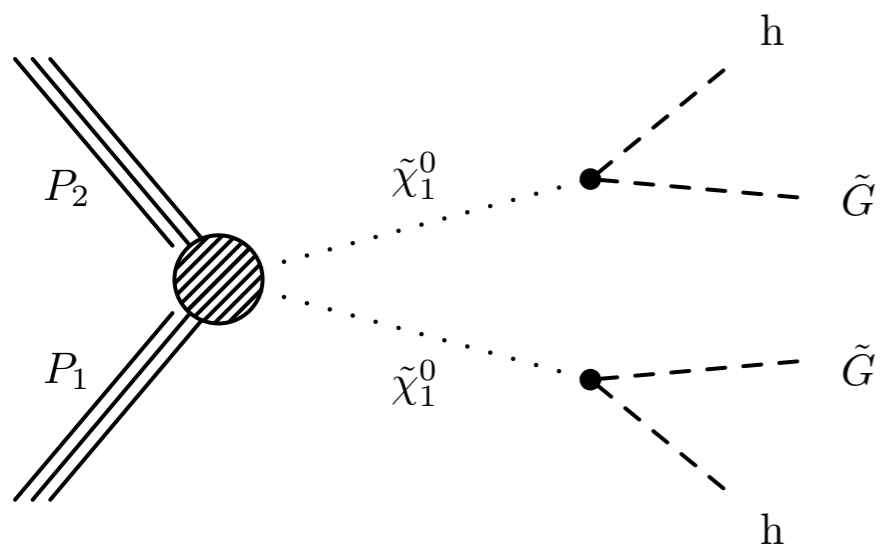
$hW$

- single lepton, SS dilepton, multilepton
- $h(\gamma\gamma)$  channels added



# Higgsino Production

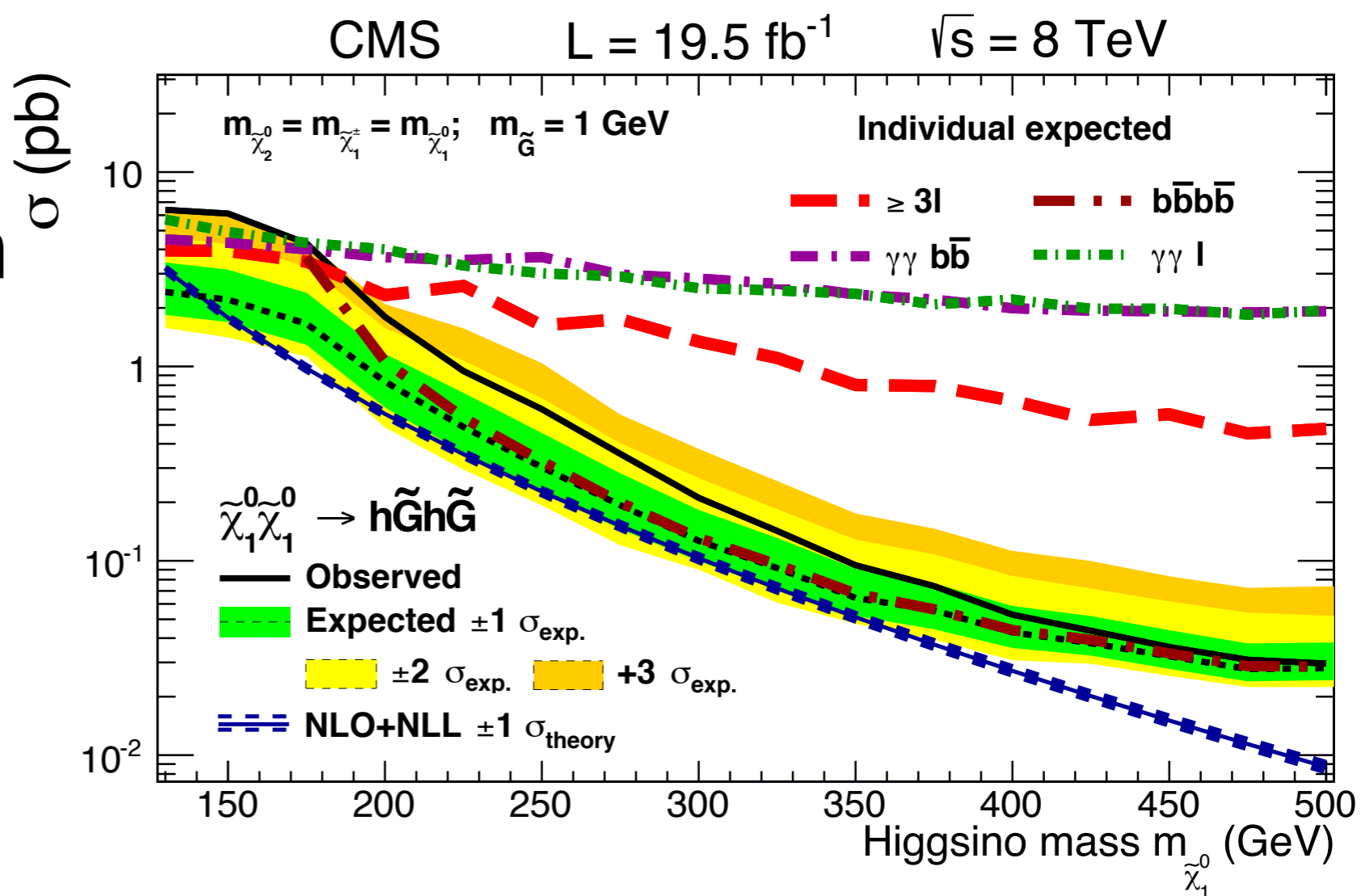
- GMSB model with higgsino NLSP
- hh final state
- LSP is 1 GeV  $\tilde{G}$



- This interpretation assumes

$$\text{BR}(\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow h + \tilde{G}) = 1$$

- Can also move to more general higgsino case...



# Higgsino Production

2D Exclusion as a function of  
 $BR(\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow h + \tilde{G})$

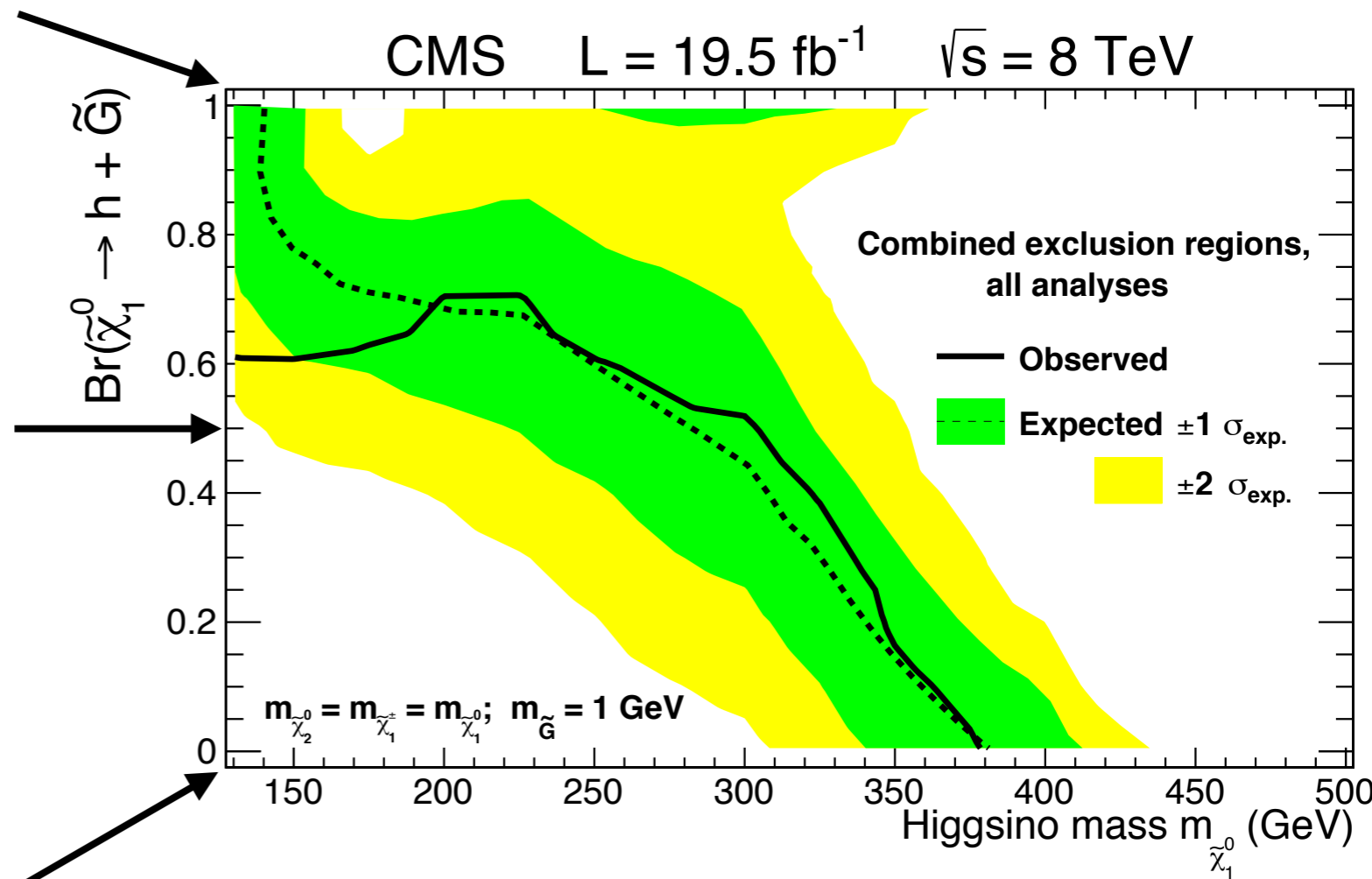
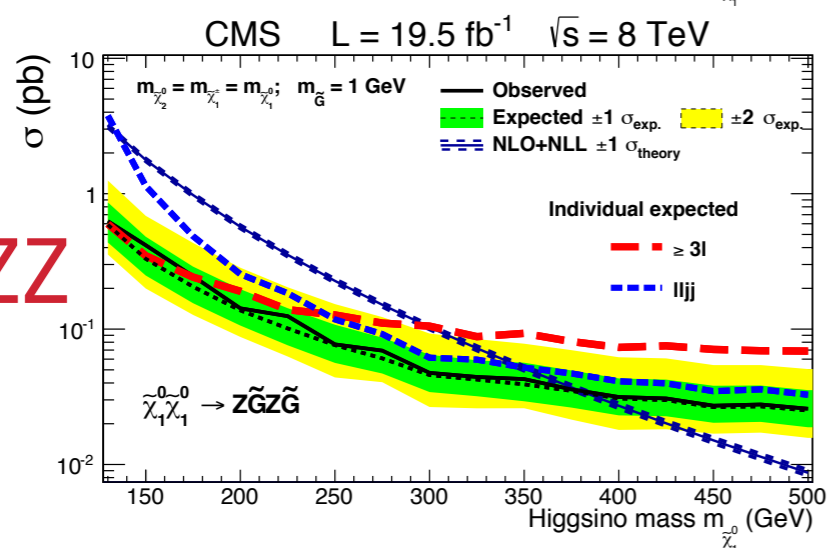
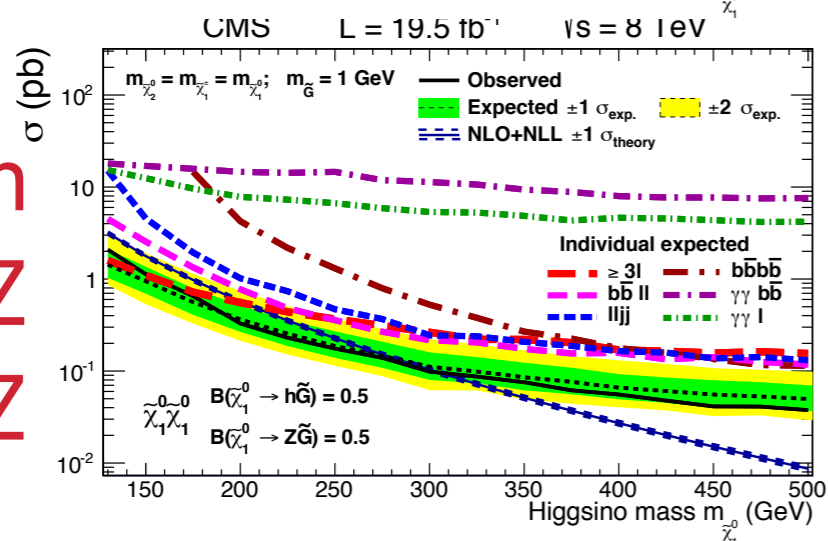
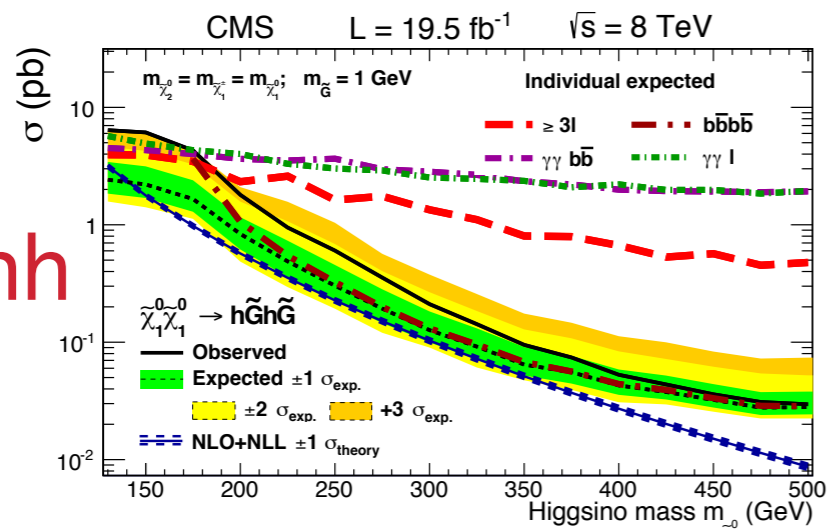
100% hh

25% hh

50% hZ

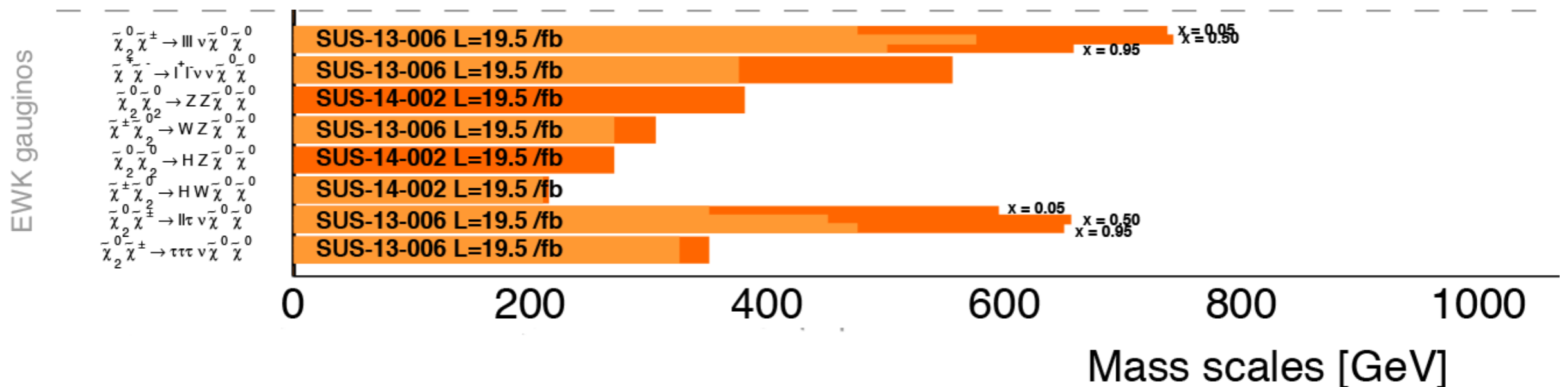
25% ZZ

100% ZZ



# Summary

- Electroweak SUSY searches provide an important counterpart to strong production searches
  - Even more so if present strong production bounds are pushed even higher
- **New techniques such as higgs-tagging are available**
- CMS has performed searches for electroweak production of SUSY in many final states



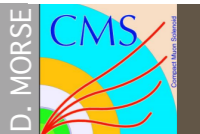
# Outlook

Searching for low rate processes can be like finding a needle in a haystack - or a leopard in the bush. But it can be done!

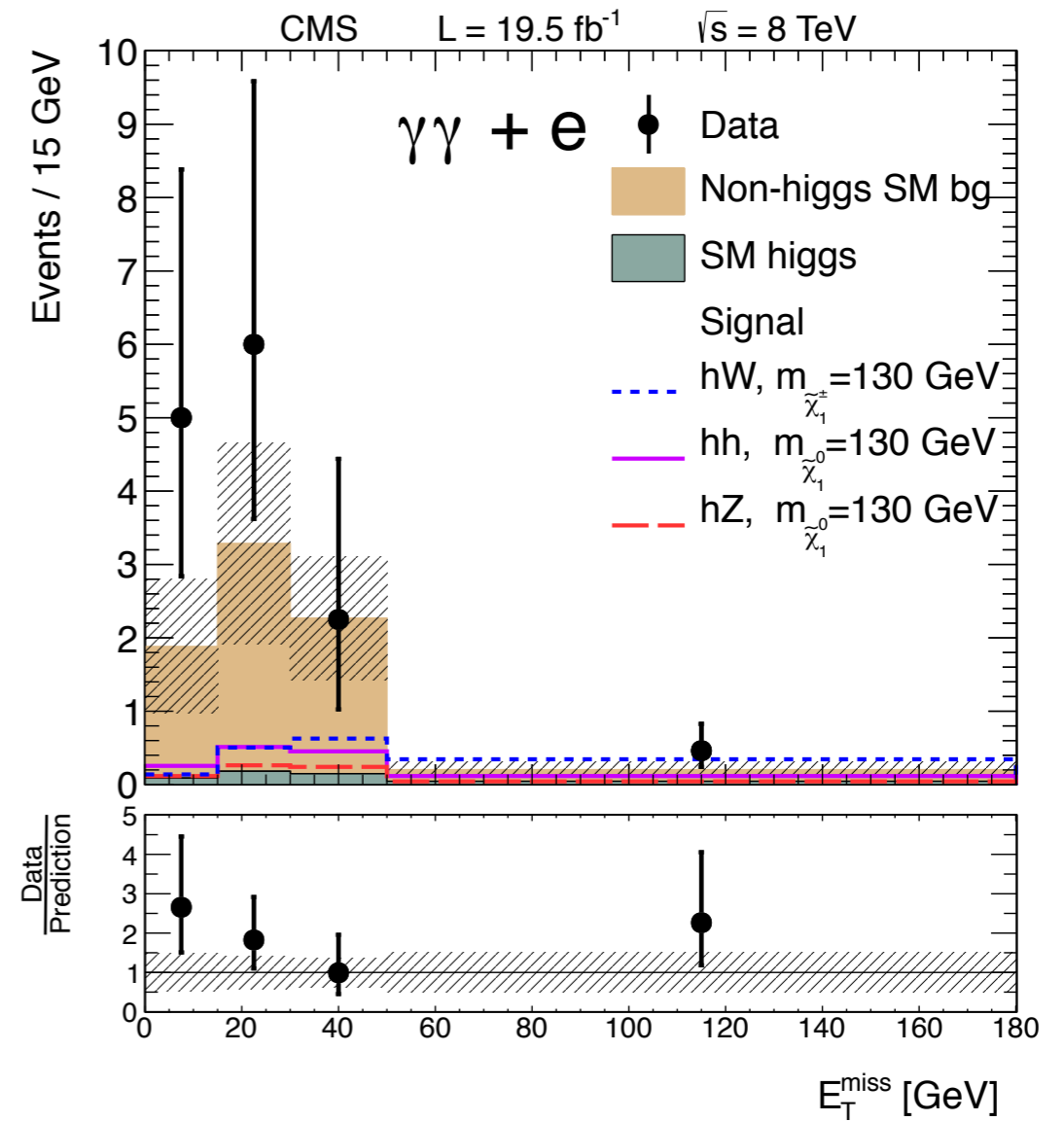
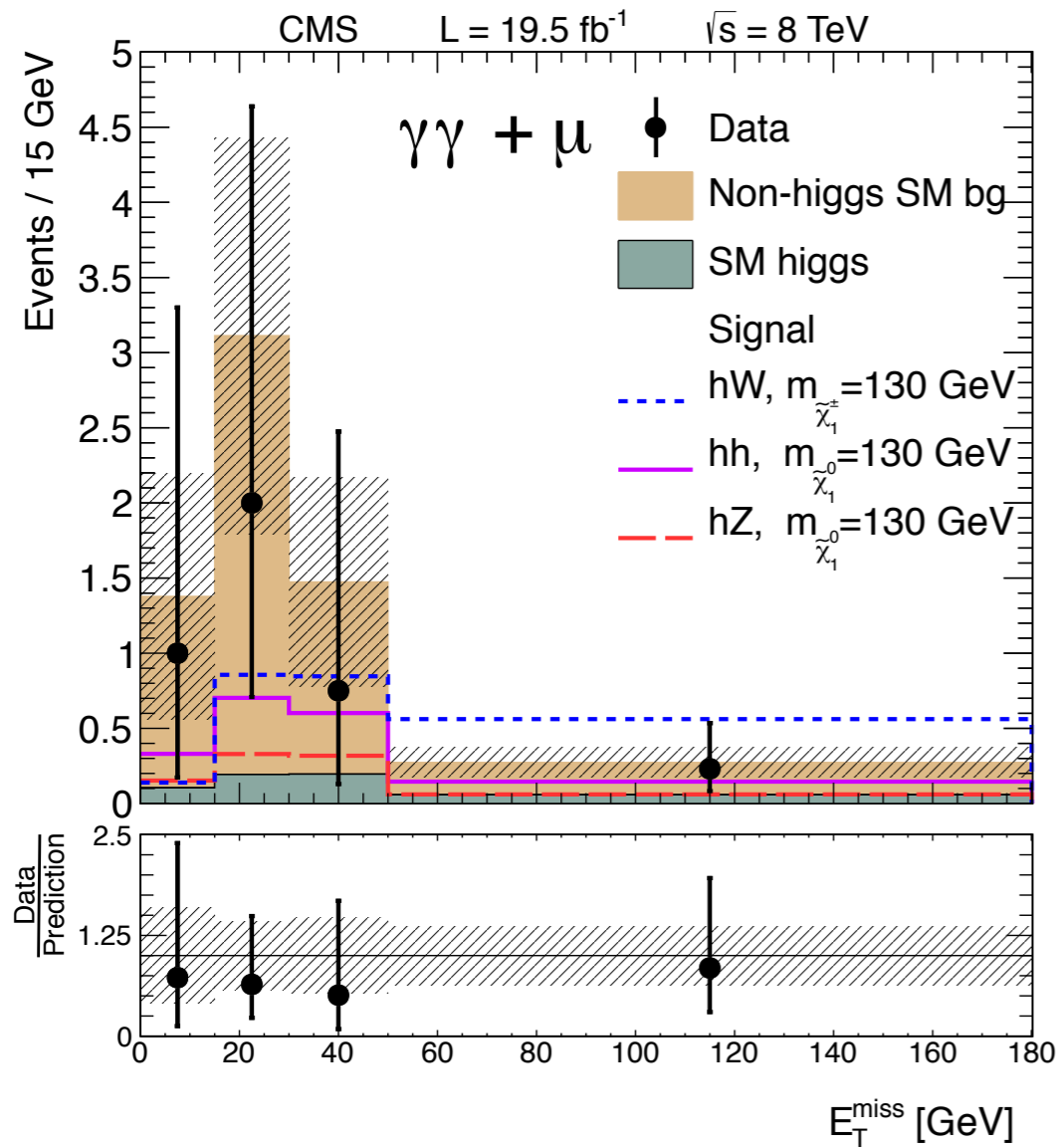
13TeV searches will extend the reach of these analyses, with signal production outpacing increases in SM backgrounds, especially at high sparticle mass. There is a challenging but exciting time ahead!

# BACKUP

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# $\gamma\gamma$ +Lepton MET



# $\gamma\gamma$ +Electron Excess

- $2.1\sigma$  excess at medium values of  $M_T$ 
  - 18 events in Higgs tag window vs.  $10.0 \pm 2.3$  predicted from SM background
- Checks performed:
  - Comparison of  $M_T$  in upper and lower sidebands to check for SM processes which die off in invariant mass spectrum
    - Upper and lower sidebands show good agreement
  - Look at MET instead of  $M_T$ 
    - Clustered at low values, non-signal like
  - Tried other fit functions
    - exponential, 3rd/5th order polynomials, Bernstein polynomial all agree within errors
  - Fit stability
    - Threw 10,000 toys using fit results, then fit resulting distributions to study effect of low statistics on the fit - stable within  $\sim 1\sigma$
    - Variance of sideband ranges to check fit integral stability in both sidebands and Higgs tag window - stable within  $\sim 1\sigma$
- Find no evidence that disagreement is caused by experimental method or systematic problem





# Multilepton Excess

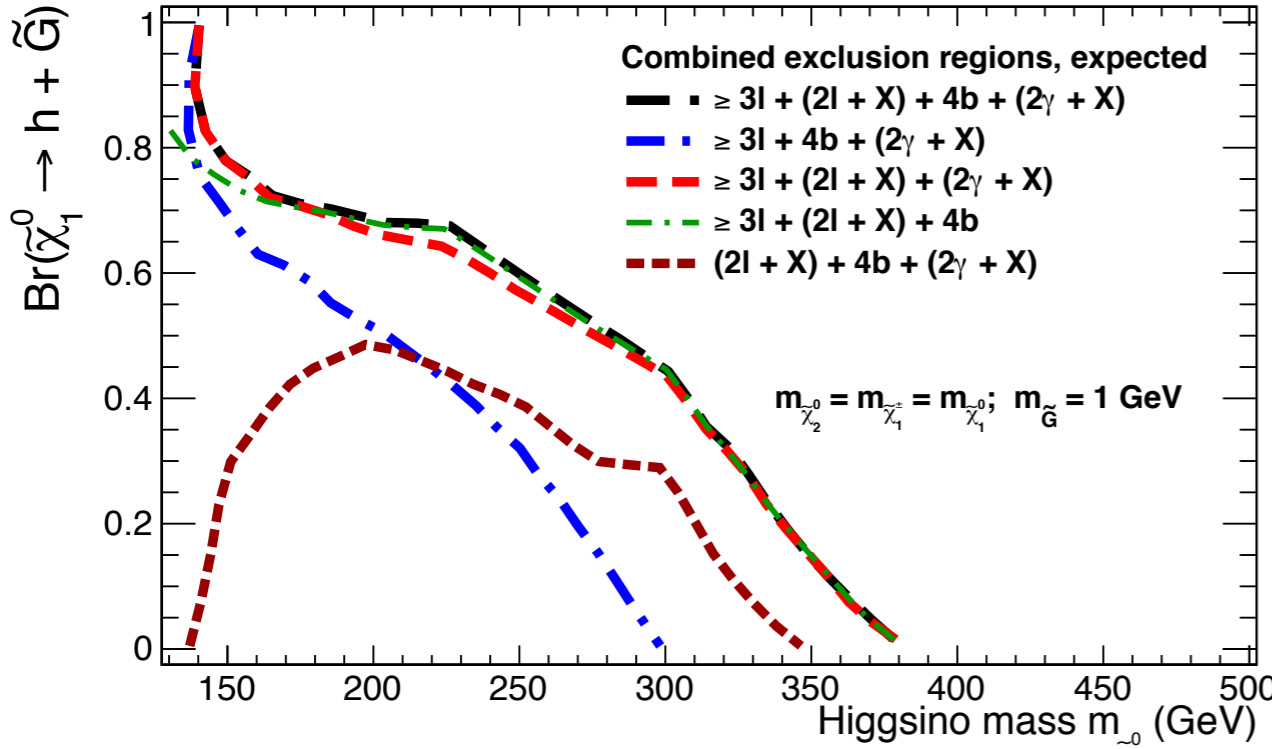
- Excess seen in one channel
  - 22 data events, background prediction  $10.1 \pm 2.4$
  - 64 channels total, each with 3 MET bins

- Chance of seeing a  $2.6\sigma$  fluctuation in 64 channels  $\sim 50\%$

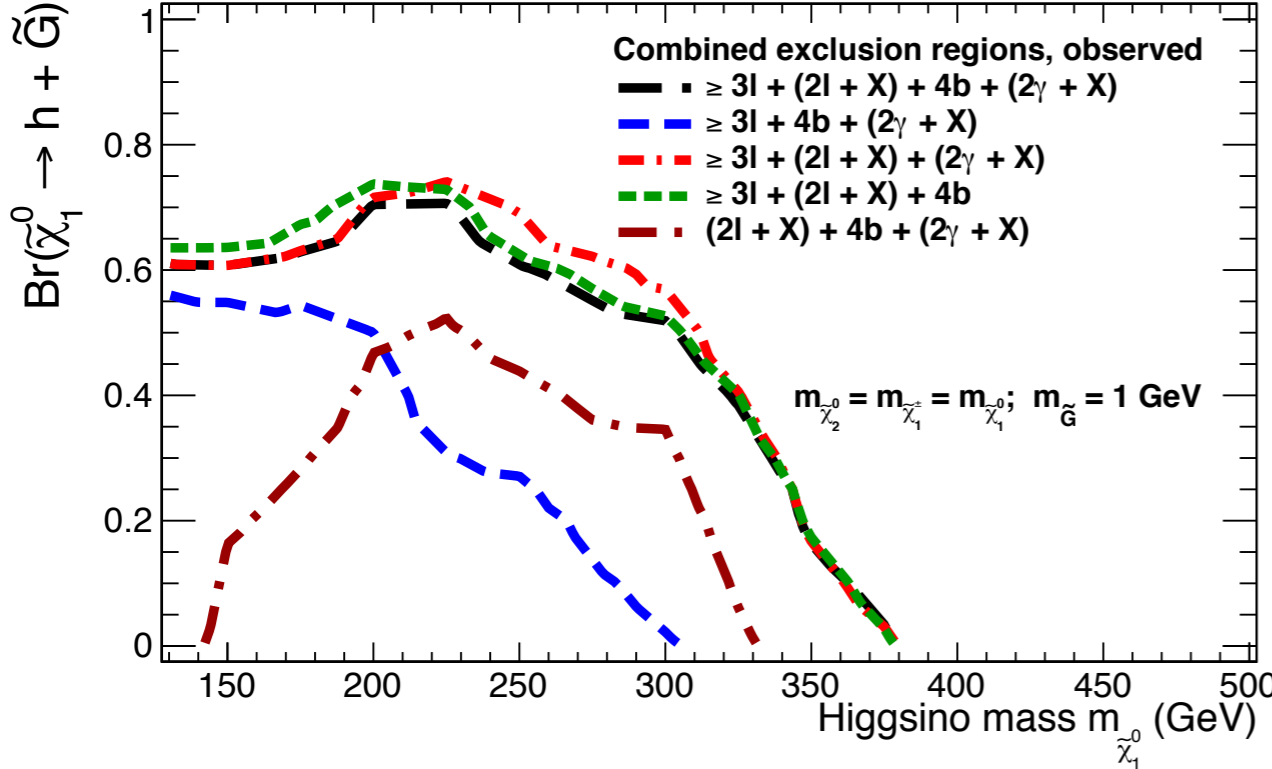
$\geq 4$ leptons $H_T > 200$ GeV	$m_{\ell^+\ell^-}$	$E_T^{\text{miss}}$ (GeV)	$N_{\tau_h} = 0, N_b = 0$		$N_{\tau_h} = 1, N_b = 0$		$c_{\tau_h} = 0, N_b \geq 1$		$N_{\tau_h} = 1, N_b \geq 1$	
			Obs.	Exp.	Obs.	Exp.	Obs.	Exp.	Obs.	Exp.
OSSF0	—	(100, $\infty$ )	0	$0.01^{+0.03}_{-0.01}$	0	$0.01^{+0.06}_{-0.01}$	0	$0.02^{+0.04}_{-0.02}$	0	$0.11 \pm 0.08$
OSSF0	—	(50, 100)	0	$0.00^{+0.02}_{-0.00}$	0	$0.01^{+0.06}_{-0.01}$	0	$0.00^{+0.03}_{-0.00}$	0	$0.12 \pm 0.07$
OSSF0	—	(0, 50)	0	$0.00^{+0.02}_{-0.00}$	0	$0.07^{+0.10}_{-0.07}$	0	$0.00^{+0.02}_{-0.00}$	0	$0.02 \pm 0.02$
OSSF1	Off-Z	(100, $\infty$ )	0	$0.01^{+0.02}_{-0.01}$	1	$0.25 \pm 0.11$	0	$0.13 \pm 0.08$	0	$0.12 \pm 0.12$
OSSF1	On-Z	(100, $\infty$ )	1	$0.10 \pm 0.06$	0	$0.50 \pm 0.27$	0	$0.42 \pm 0.22$	0	$0.42 \pm 0.19$
OSSF1	Off-Z	(50, 100)	0	$0.07 \pm 0.06$	1	$0.29 \pm 0.13$	0	$0.04 \pm 0.04$	0	$0.23 \pm 0.13$
OSSF1	On-Z	(50, 100)	0	$0.23 \pm 0.11$	1	$0.70 \pm 0.31$	0	$0.23 \pm 0.13$	1	$0.34 \pm 0.16$
OSSF1	Off-Z	(0, 50)	0	$0.02^{+0.03}_{-0.02}$	0	$0.27 \pm 0.12$	0	$0.03^{+0.04}_{-0.03}$	0	$0.31 \pm 0.15$
OSSF1	On-Z	(0, 50)	0	$0.20 \pm 0.08$	0	$1.3 \pm 0.5$	0	$0.06 \pm 0.04$	1	$0.49 \pm 0.19$
OSSF2	Off-Z	(100, $\infty$ )	0	$0.01^{+0.02}_{-0.01}$	—	—	0	$0.01^{+0.06}_{-0.01}$	—	—
OSSF2	On-Z	(100, $\infty$ )	1	$0.15^{+0.16}_{-0.15}$	—	—	0	$0.34 \pm 0.18$	—	—
OSSF2	Off-Z	(50, 100)	0	$0.03 \pm 0.02$	—	—	0	$0.13 \pm 0.09$	—	—
OSSF2	On-Z	(50, 100)	0	$0.80 \pm 0.40$	—	—	0	$0.36 \pm 0.19$	—	—
OSSF2	Off-Z	(0, 50)	1	$0.27 \pm 0.13$	—	—	0	$0.08 \pm 0.05$	—	—
OSSF2	On-Z	(0, 50)	5	$7.4 \pm 3.5$	—	—	2	$0.80 \pm 0.40$	—	—
$\geq 4$ leptons $H_T < 200$ GeV	$m_{\ell^+\ell^-}$	$E_T^{\text{miss}}$ (GeV)	$N_{\tau_h} = 0, N_b = 0$		$N_{\tau_h} = 1, N_b = 0$		$N_{\tau_h} = 0, N_b \geq 1$		$N_{\tau_h} = 1, N_b \geq 1$	
OSSF0	—	(100, $\infty$ )	0	$0.11 \pm 0.08$	0	$0.17 \pm 0.10$	0	$0.03^{+0.04}_{-0.03}$	0	$0.04 \pm 0.04$
OSSF0	—	(50, 100)	0	$0.01^{+0.03}_{-0.01}$	2	$0.70 \pm 0.33$	0	$0.00^{+0.02}_{-0.00}$	0	$0.28 \pm 0.16$
OSSF0	—	(0, 50)	0	$0.01^{+0.02}_{-0.01}$	1	$0.7 \pm 0.3$	0	$0.00^{+0.02}_{-0.00}$	0	$0.13 \pm 0.08$
OSSF1	Off-Z	(100, $\infty$ )	0	$0.06 \pm 0.04$	3	$0.60 \pm 0.24$	0	$0.02^{+0.04}_{-0.02}$	0	$0.32 \pm 0.20$
OSSF1	On-Z	(100, $\infty$ )	1	$0.50 \pm 0.18$	2	$2.5 \pm 0.5$	1	$0.38 \pm 0.20$	0	$0.21 \pm 0.10$
OSSF1	Off-Z	(50, 100)	0	$0.18 \pm 0.06$	4	$2.1 \pm 0.5$	0	$0.16 \pm 0.08$	1	$0.45 \pm 0.24$
OSSF1	On-Z	(50, 100)	2	$1.2 \pm 0.3$	9	$9.6 \pm 1.6$	2	$0.42 \pm 0.23$	0	$0.50 \pm 0.16$
OSSF1	Off-Z	(0, 50)	2	$0.46 \pm 0.18$	15	$7.5 \pm 2.0$	0	$0.09 \pm 0.06$	0	$0.70 \pm 0.31$
OSSF1	On-Z	(0, 50)	4	$3.0 \pm 0.8$	41	$40 \pm 10$	1	$0.31 \pm 0.15$	2	$1.50 \pm 0.47$
OSSF2	Off-Z	(100, $\infty$ )	0	$0.04 \pm 0.03$	—	—	0	$0.05 \pm 0.04$	—	—
OSSF2	On-Z	(100, $\infty$ )	0	$0.34 \pm 0.15$	—	—	0	$0.46 \pm 0.25$	—	—
OSSF2	Off-Z	(50, 100)	2	$0.18 \pm 0.13$	—	—	0	$0.02^{+0.03}_{-0.02}$	—	—
OSSF2	On-Z	(50, 100)	4	$3.9 \pm 2.5$	—	—	0	$0.50 \pm 0.21$	—	—
OSSF2	Off-Z	(0, 50)	7	$8.9 \pm 2.4$	—	—	1	$0.23 \pm 0.09$	—	—
OSSF2	On-Z	(0, 50)	*156	$160 \pm 34$	—	—	4	$2.9 \pm 0.8$	—	—

# Individual 2D Higgsino Limits

CMS  $L = 19.5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$   $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$



CMS  $L = 19.5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$   $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$



$h(\gamma\gamma)$  & multileptons

Most Sensitive Analysis

