Contribution ID: 5

Type: Oral

Measurement of activity concentration of ²³⁸U and ²³²Th series radionuclides in beach sand with a multidetector (LaBr₃:Ce) gamma-ray spectrometer

Tuesday, 19 March 2019 10:00 (15 minutes)

The activity concentrations of 238 U and 232 Th series radionuclides in beach sand were measured using a gamma-ray spectrometer comprising four LaBr₃:Ce (2" x 2") detectors without background shielding. The sample was placed 10 cm equidistant from the detectors and counted for 48 hours. This spectrometer allowed for measurement in singles and coincidence (gamma-gamma) modes. Time-stamped data were acquired and time correlation used to remove the background offline.

In coincidence mode, the minimum detectable activity (MDAs) were two orders of magnitude lower than in singles mode. The weighted activity concentration of 238 U series radionuclides in singles and coincidence modes are 908 ± 70 Bqkg⁻¹ and 972 ± 99 Bqkg⁻¹ respectively. The weighted activity concentration of 232 Th series radionuclides in singles and coincidence modes are 1599 ± 70 Bqkg⁻¹ and 1754 ± 185 Bqkg⁻¹ respectively. Therefore we conclude that the results are consistent to within measurement uncertainty.

Primary authors: Ms BASHIR, M. (Department of Physics Ibrahim Badamasi Babangida University Lapai/Department of Physics Stellenbosch University/Department of Subatomic Physics iThemba LABS); Prof. NEWMAN, R. T. (Stellenbosch University); Dr JONES, P. (Department of Subatomic Physics, iThemba LABS)

Presenter: Ms BASHIR, M. (Department of Physics Ibrahim Badamasi Babangida University Lapai/Department of Physics Stellenbosch University/Department of Subatomic Physics iThemba LABS)

Session Classification: Environmental Measurements

Track Classification: Environmental Measurements