

Tests of three-neutrino paradigm by the MINOS and MINOS+ experiments

Our story:

- + Beams and experiments
- + Results on standard oscillations
- + Search for sterile neutrinos

Karol Lang
University of Texas at Austin

On behalf of the MINOS+ Collaboration



Conference on Neutrino and Nuclear Physics (CNNP2020)
Arabella Hotel and Spa, South Africa, 24-28 February 2020





MINOS & MINOS+

BEAMS AND DETECTORS

MINOS, MINOS+, and NuMI

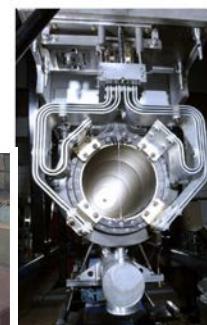


- ◆ Far Detector (FD) on axis
- ◆ 735 km from target
- ◆ 5.4 kt, 8m octagon
- ◆ ~1.2 T B field
- ◆ Segmented, sampling, iron/scint. tracking calorimeter

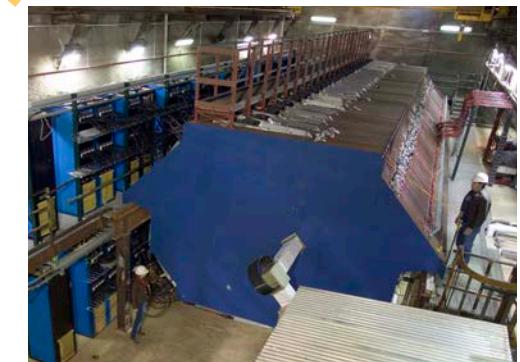


- ◆ MINOS Proposed 1995
- ◆ Main Injector 2000
- ◆ Beam data 2005-2012
- ◆ NuMI reconfigured for NOvA 2013
- ◆ MINOS+ 2013-2016

- ◆ 2-horn focusing 185 kA
- ◆ 2λ graphite target (movable)
- ◆ Up to ~600 kW beam
- ◆ 3.5×10^{13} ppp
- ◆ 1.33 s cycle time



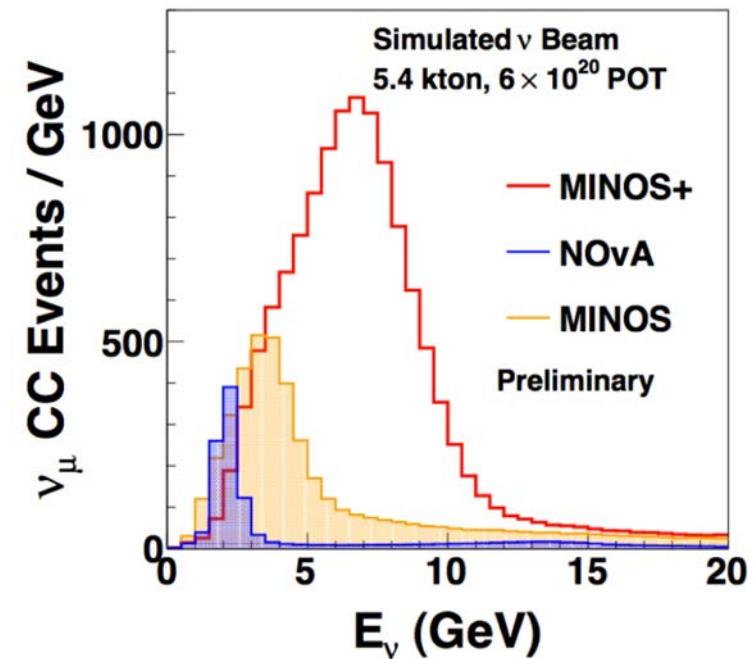
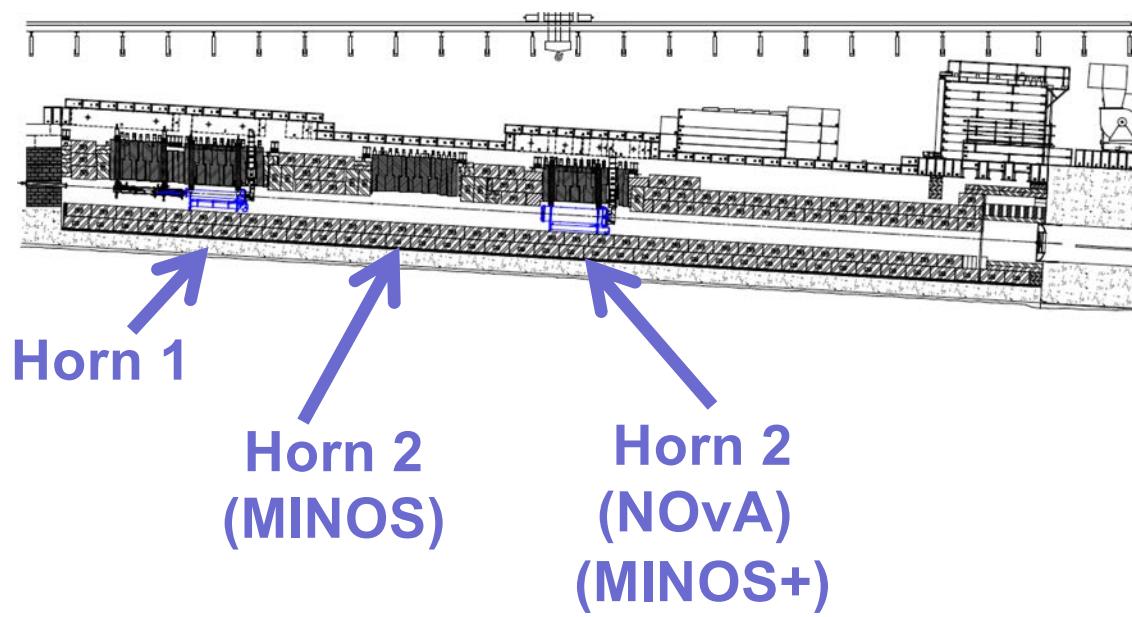
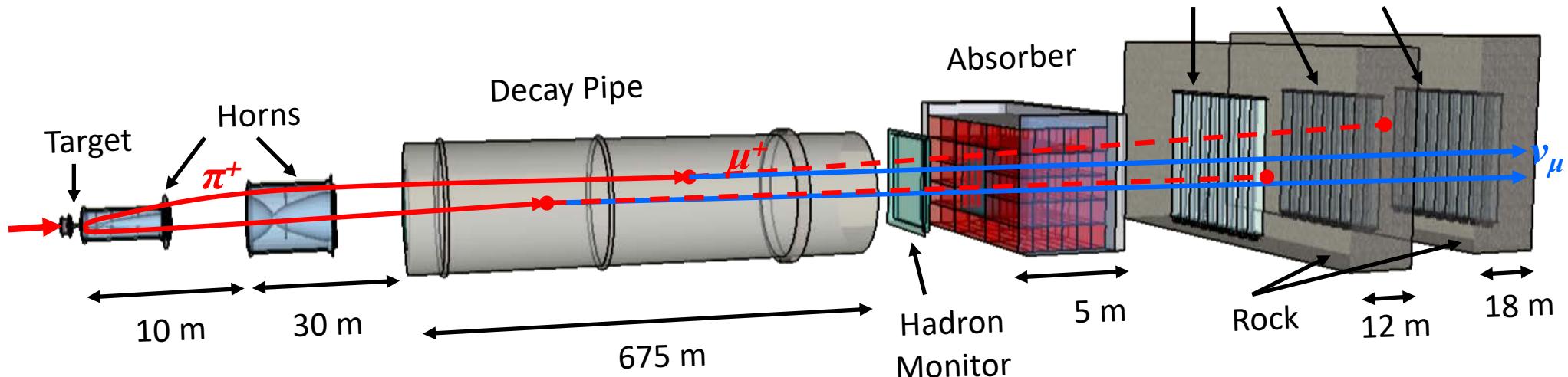
- ◆ Near Detector (ND) on axis
- ◆ 1,040 m from target
- ◆ 1kt, 4m 'squeezed' octagon
- ◆ ~1.2 T B field
- ◆ Same technology as FD





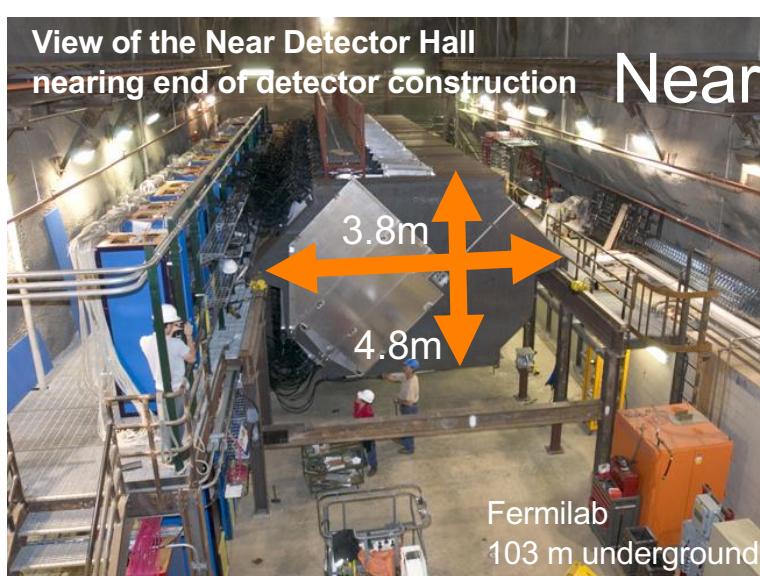
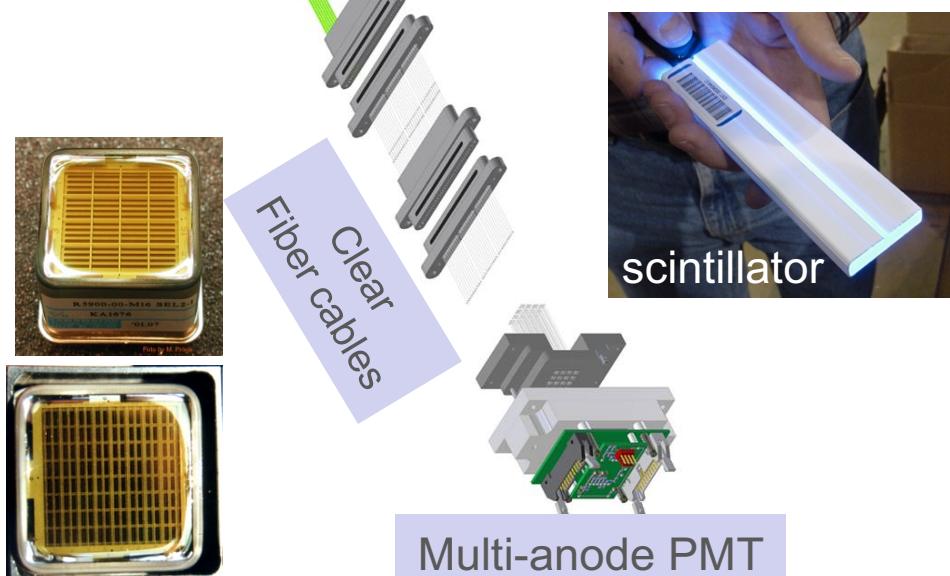
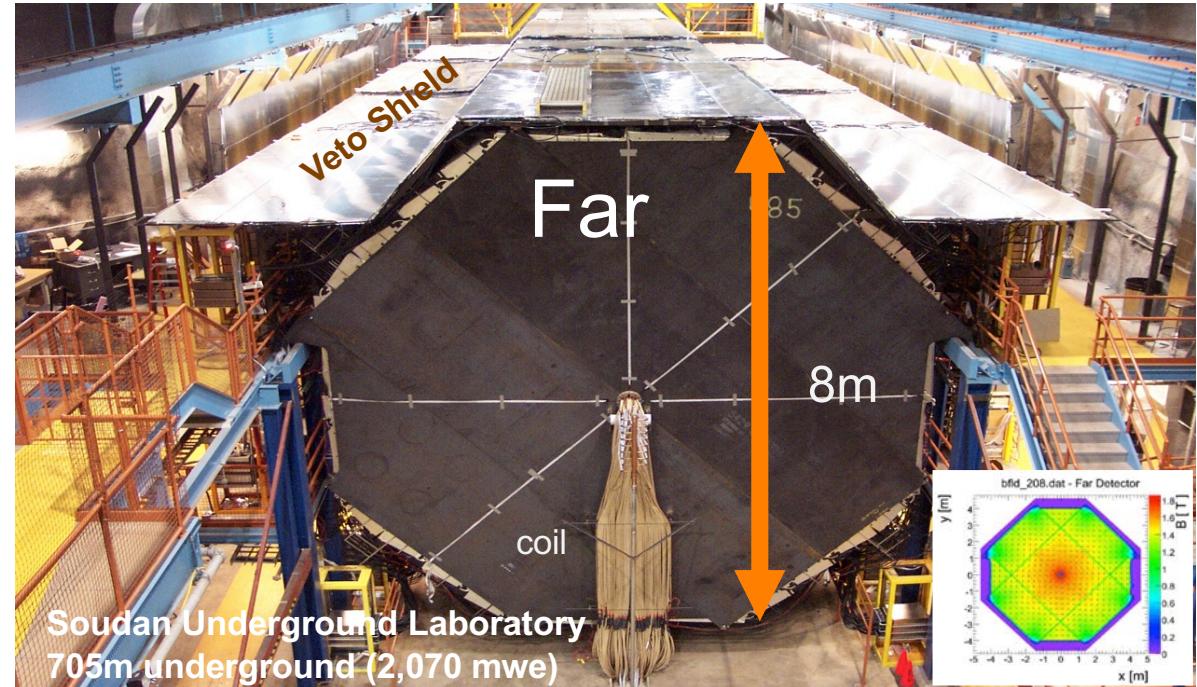
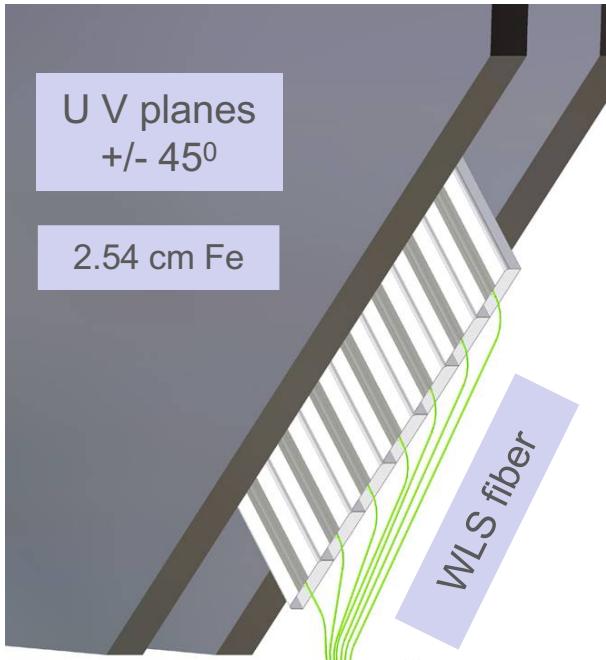
NuMI Neutrino Beams

(Neutrinos from the Main Injector)





MINOS: Near and Far Detectors

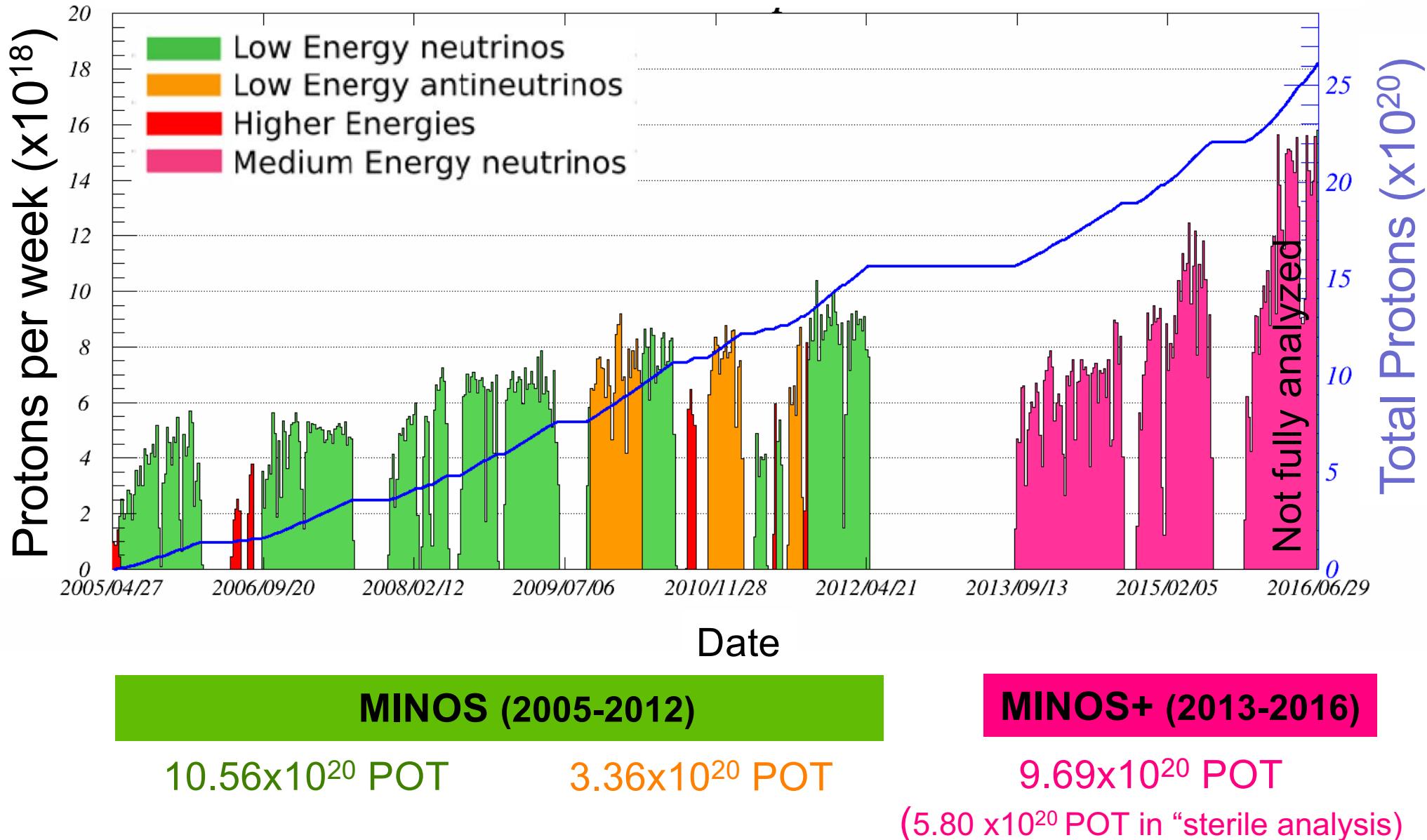




MINOS and MINOS+ exposures 2005 → 2016



NuMI neutrino exposure history - Protons-on-target (POT)





MINOS & MINOS+

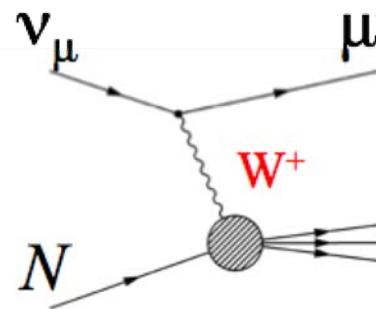
STANDARD OSCILLATIONS



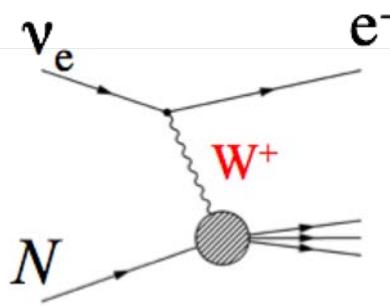
Event types in MINOS



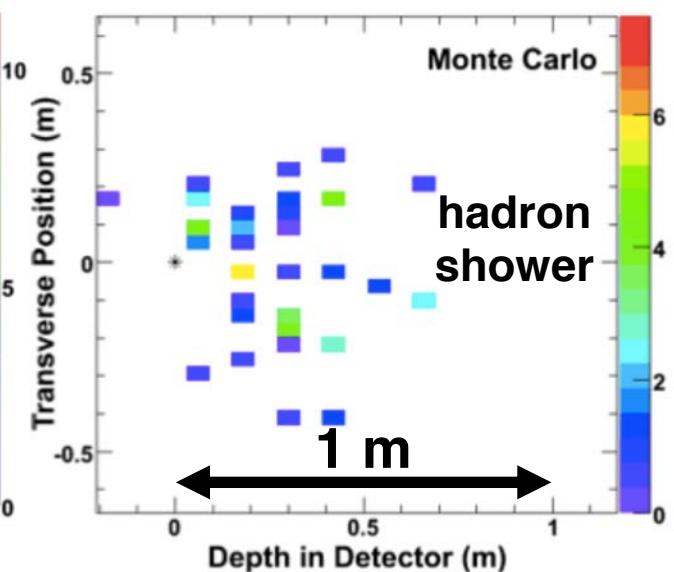
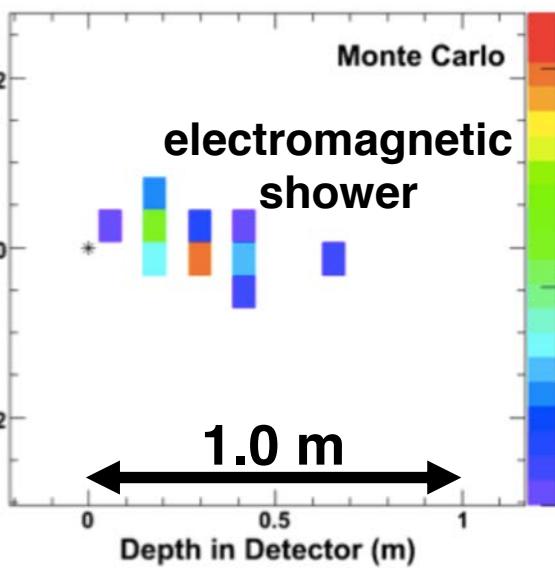
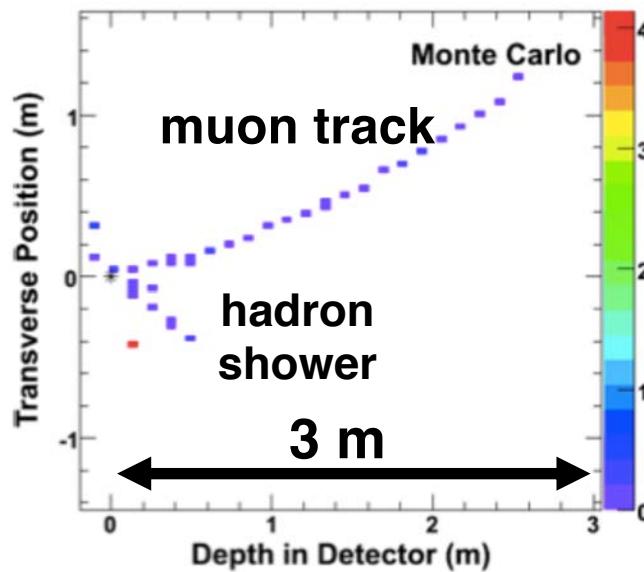
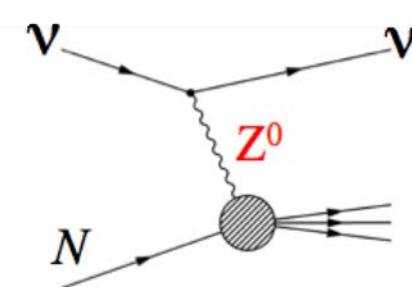
ν_μ Charged Current
(ν_μ CC)



ν_e Charged Current
(ν_e CC)



ν_x Neutral Current
(NC)

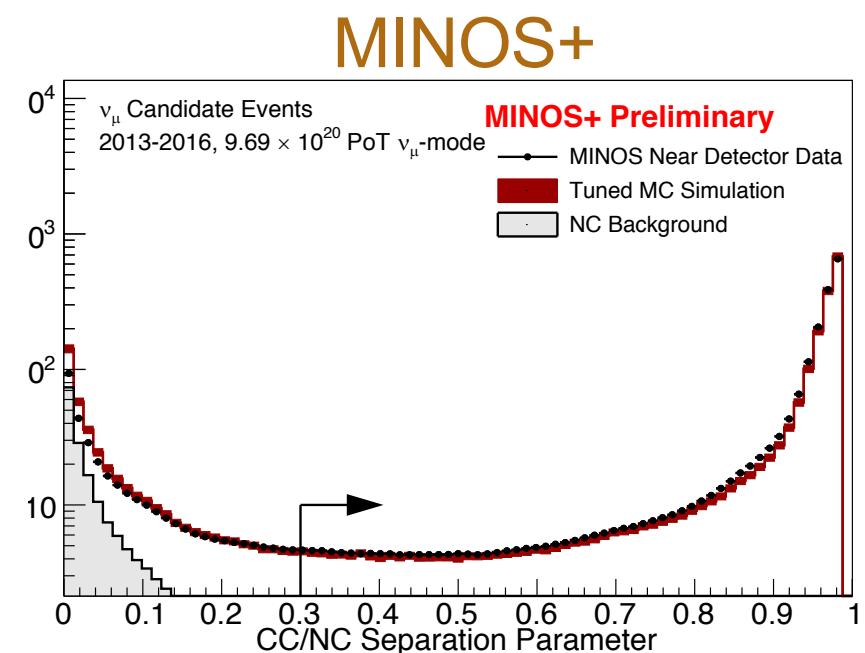
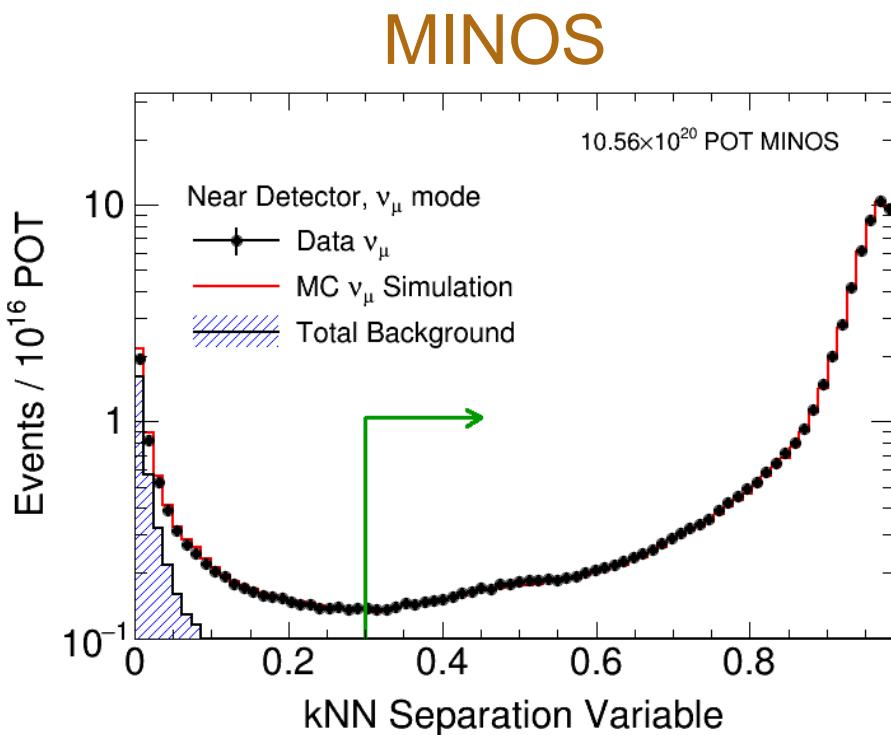




MINOS and MINOS+ Charged current (CC) vs Neutral current (NC) classification



Event classification:
k Nearest-Neighbors (kNN)

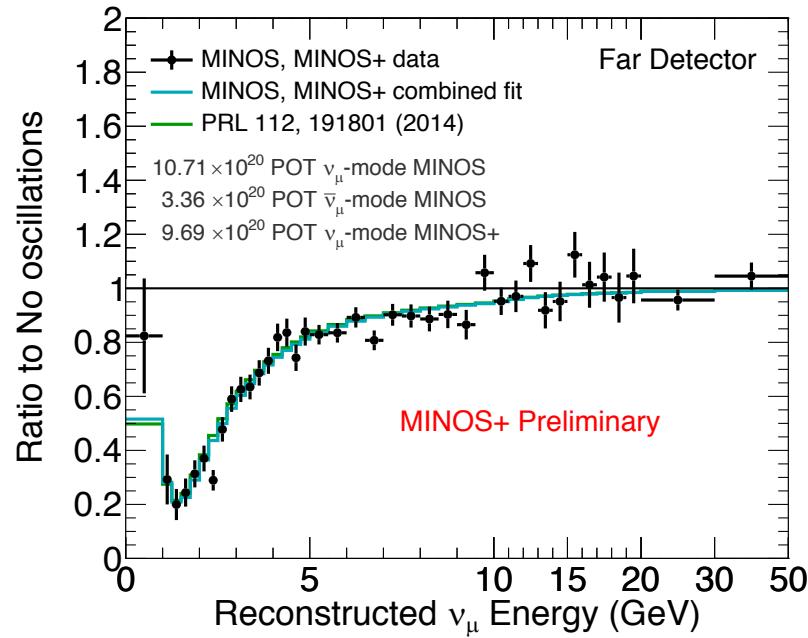
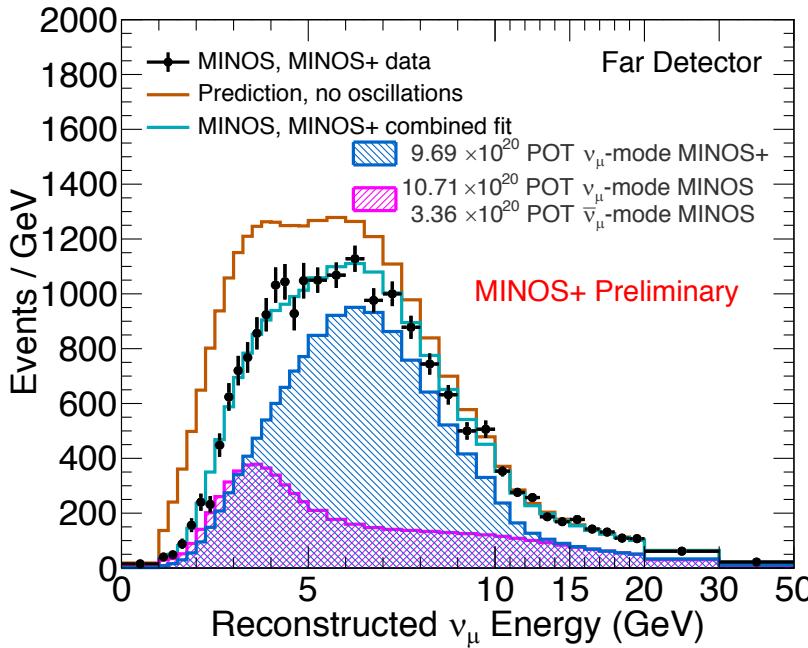


MINOS+ Far Detector (complete data set)
efficiency 84.2%
purity 99.3%



MINOS & MINOS+

Standard Oscillations Results (complete data set)



Best fits and uncertainties 68% C.L.

Normal

$$\Delta m^2_{32} = +2.41^{+0.08}_{-0.08} \quad (\times 10^{-3} eV^2)$$

$$\sin^2 \theta_{23} = 0.42 \quad (0.38 \leftrightarrow 0.48)$$

Inverted

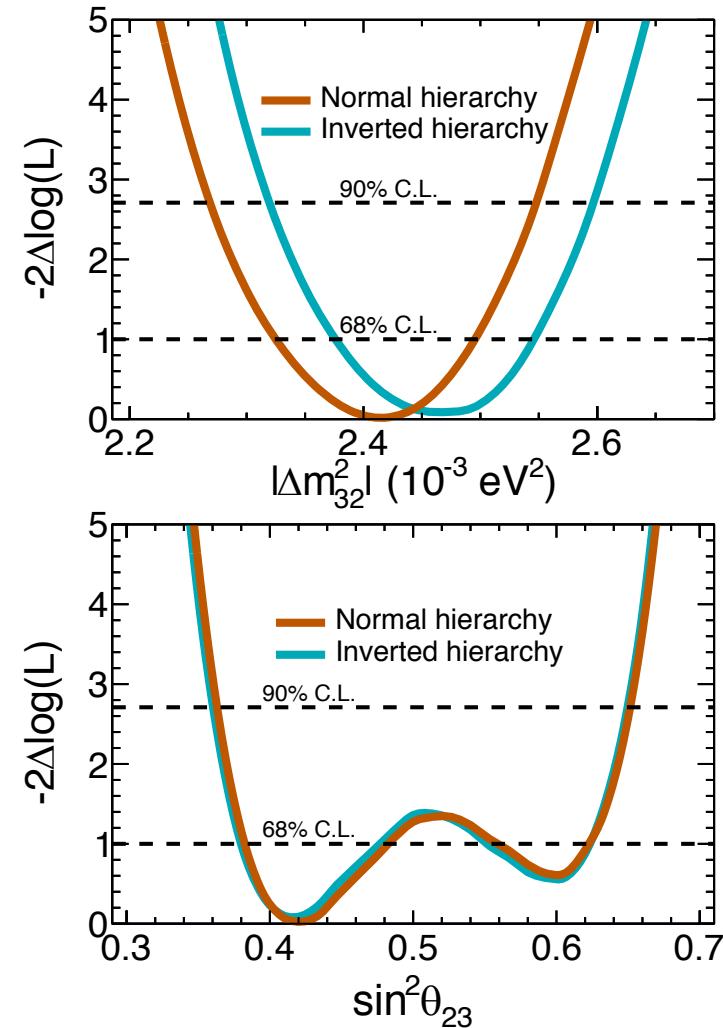
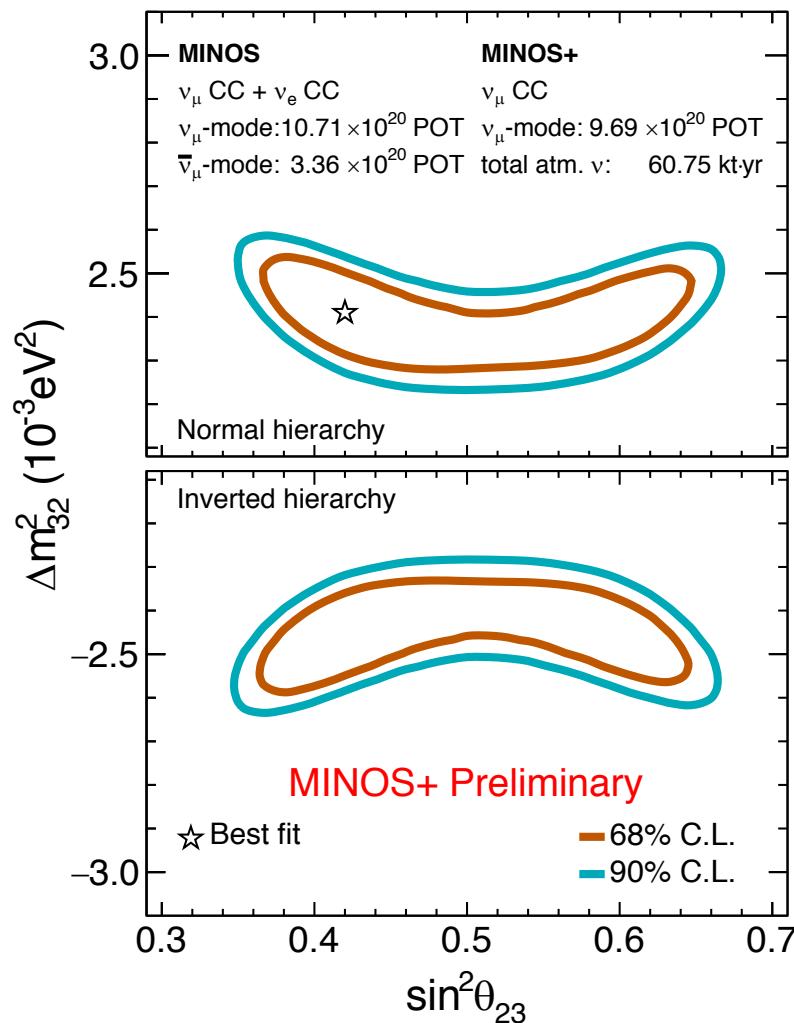
$$\Delta m^2_{32} = -2.47^{+0.09}_{-0.07} \quad (\times 10^{-3} eV^2)$$

$$\sin^2 \theta_{23} = 0.42 \quad (0.38 \leftrightarrow 0.48)$$

| No. of data events | Beam ν_μ | Beam $\bar{\nu}_\mu$ | Beam ν_e | Beam $\bar{\nu}_e$ | Atmospheric |
|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|-------------|
| MINOS (2005-2012) | 2579 | 538 | 152 | 20 | 2072 |
| MINOS+ (2013-2016) | 6280 | 293 | - | - | 1165 |



MINOS contours bounds (complete data set)



Best fits and uncertainties 68% C.L.

Normal $\Delta m_{32}^2 = +2.41^{+0.08}_{-0.08} (\times 10^{-3} \text{ eV}^2)$

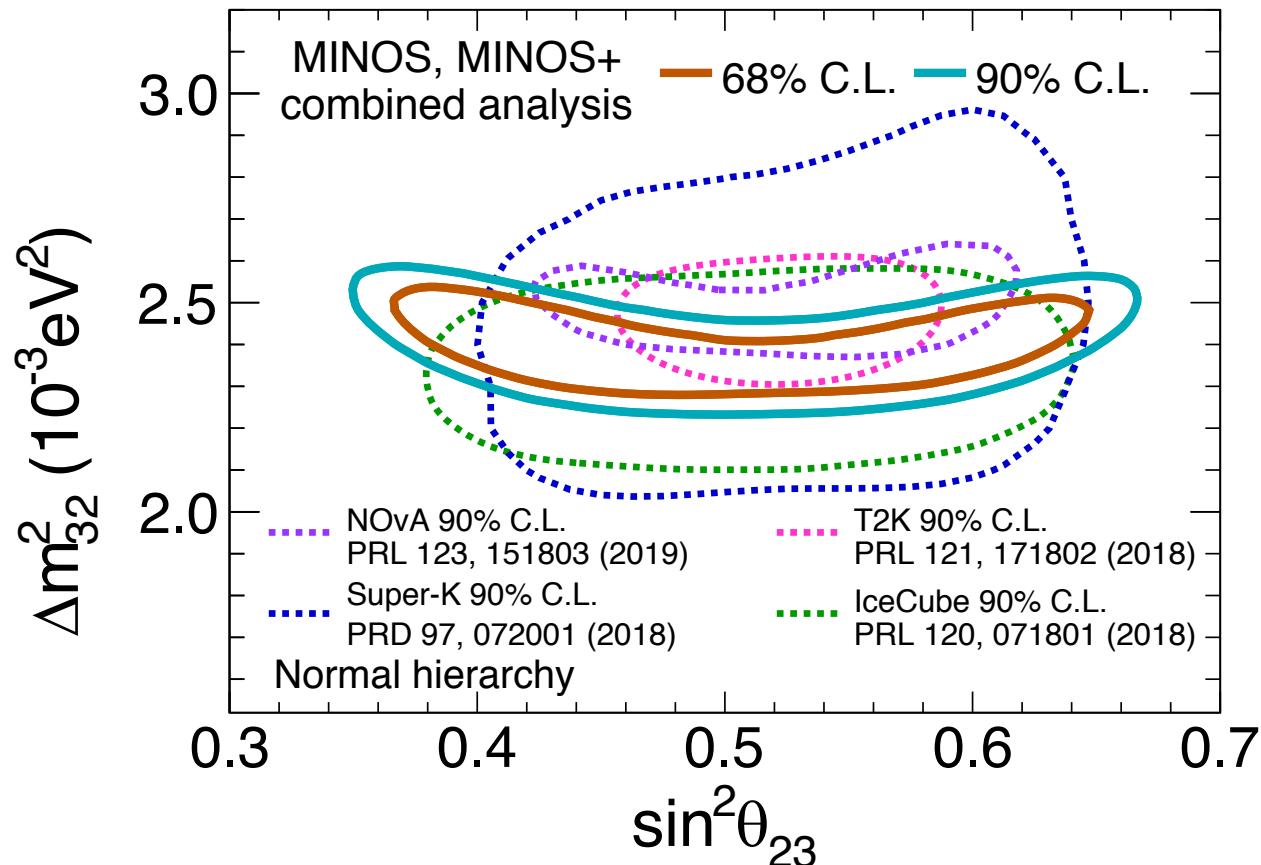
$\sin^2 \theta_{23} = 0.42 (0.38 \leftrightarrow 0.48)$

Inverted $\Delta m_{32}^2 = -2.47^{+0.09}_{-0.07} (\times 10^{-3} \text{ eV}^2)$

$\sin^2 \theta_{23} = 0.42 (0.38 \leftrightarrow 0.48)$



Compare to other experiments: NOvA, T2K, Super-K, IceCube



Best fits and uncertainties 68% C.L.

Normal $\Delta m_{32}^2 = +2.41^{+0.08}_{-0.08} (\times 10^{-3} \text{ eV}^2)$

$$\sin^2 \theta_{23} = 0.42 \quad (0.38 \leftrightarrow 0.48)$$

Inverted $\Delta m_{32}^2 = -2.47^{+0.09}_{-0.07} (\times 10^{-3} \text{ eV}^2)$

$$\sin^2 \theta_{23} = 0.42 \quad (0.38 \leftrightarrow 0.48)$$



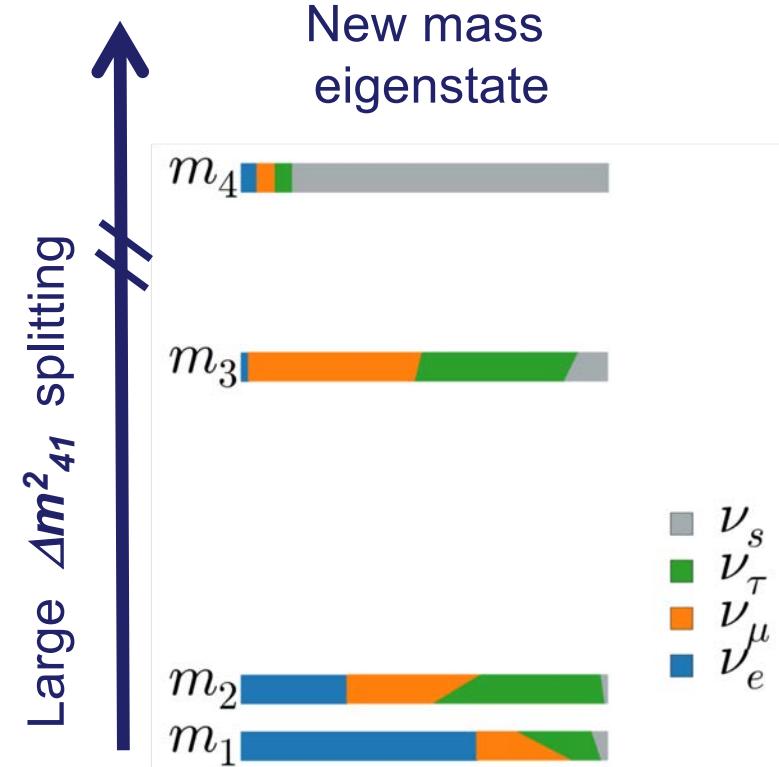
MINOS & MINOS+

**ARE THERE MORE NEUTRINOS?
→SEARCH FOR STERILE NEUTRINOS**

The “3+1” mixing



$$U = \begin{pmatrix} U_{e1} & U_{e2} & U_{e3} & U_{e4} \\ U_{\mu 1} & U_{\mu 2} & U_{\mu 3} & U_{\mu 4} \\ U_{\tau 1} & U_{\tau 2} & U_{\tau 3} & U_{\tau 4} \\ U_{s1} & U_{s2} & U_{s3} & U_{s4} \end{pmatrix}$$



◆ “3+1” oscillation parameters:

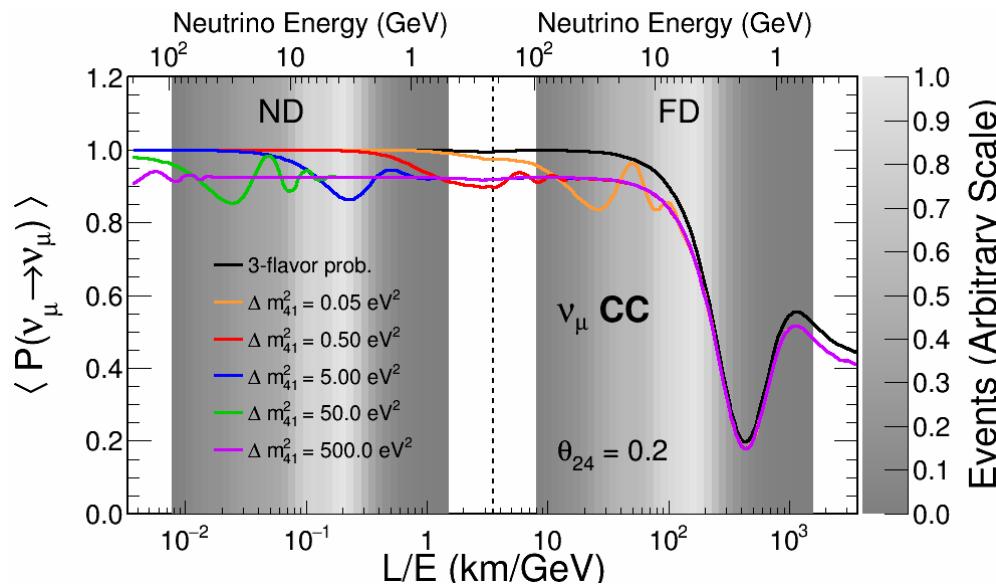
- ⇒ 3 mass scales: $\Delta m^2_{21}, \Delta m^2_{32}, \Delta m^2_{41}$
- ⇒ 6 mixing angles: $\theta_{12}, \theta_{23}, \theta_{13}, \theta_{14}, \theta_{24}, \theta_{34}$
- ⇒ 3 CP-violating phases: $\delta_{13}, \delta_{14}, \delta_{24}$

4-flavor oscillations in MINOS & MINOS+

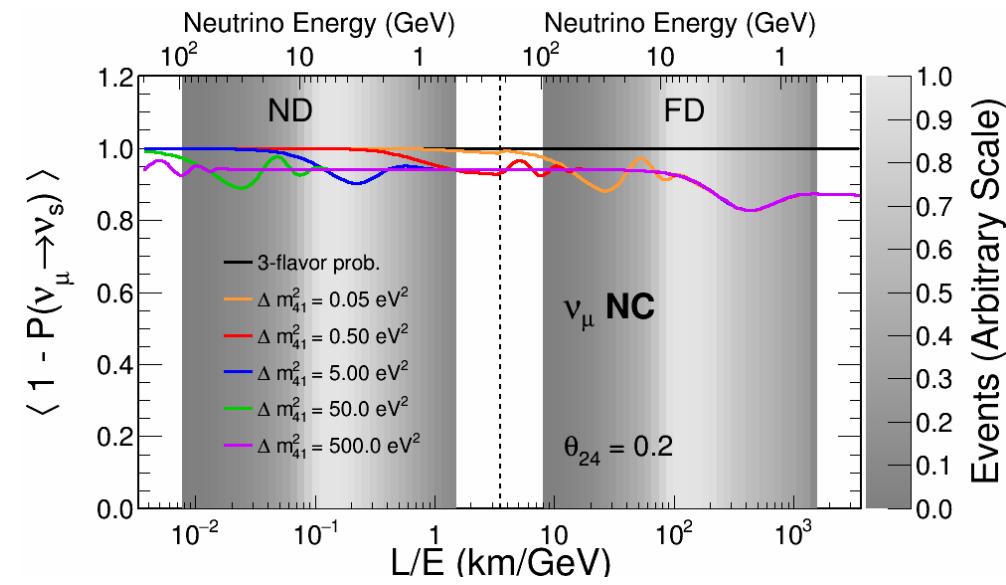


$$P(\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_\mu) \approx 1 - \sin^2 2\theta_{23} \cos 2\theta_{24} \sin^2 \left(\frac{\Delta m_{31}^2 L}{4E} \right) \\ - \sin^2 2\theta_{24} \sin^2 \left(\frac{\Delta m_{41}^2 L}{4E} \right).$$

Charged current: $P(\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_\mu)$



Neutral current: $1 - P(\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_s)$

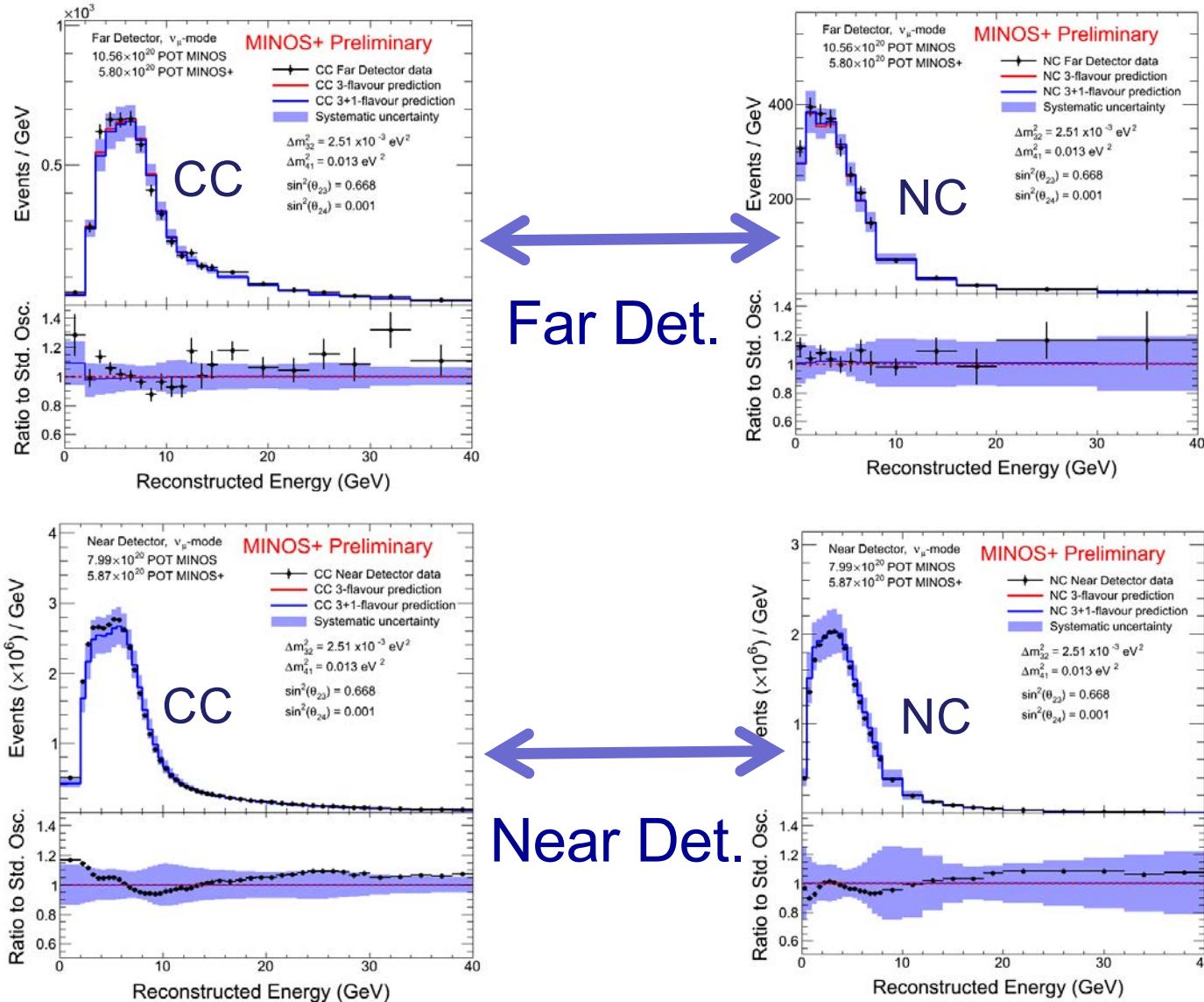


- Fit the CC and NC spectra simultaneously to determine θ_{23} , θ_{24} , θ_{34} , Δm_{32}^2 , and Δm_{41}^2
- Fix δ_{13} , δ_{14} , δ_{24} , and $\theta_{14} = 0$ (insensitive to these terms)

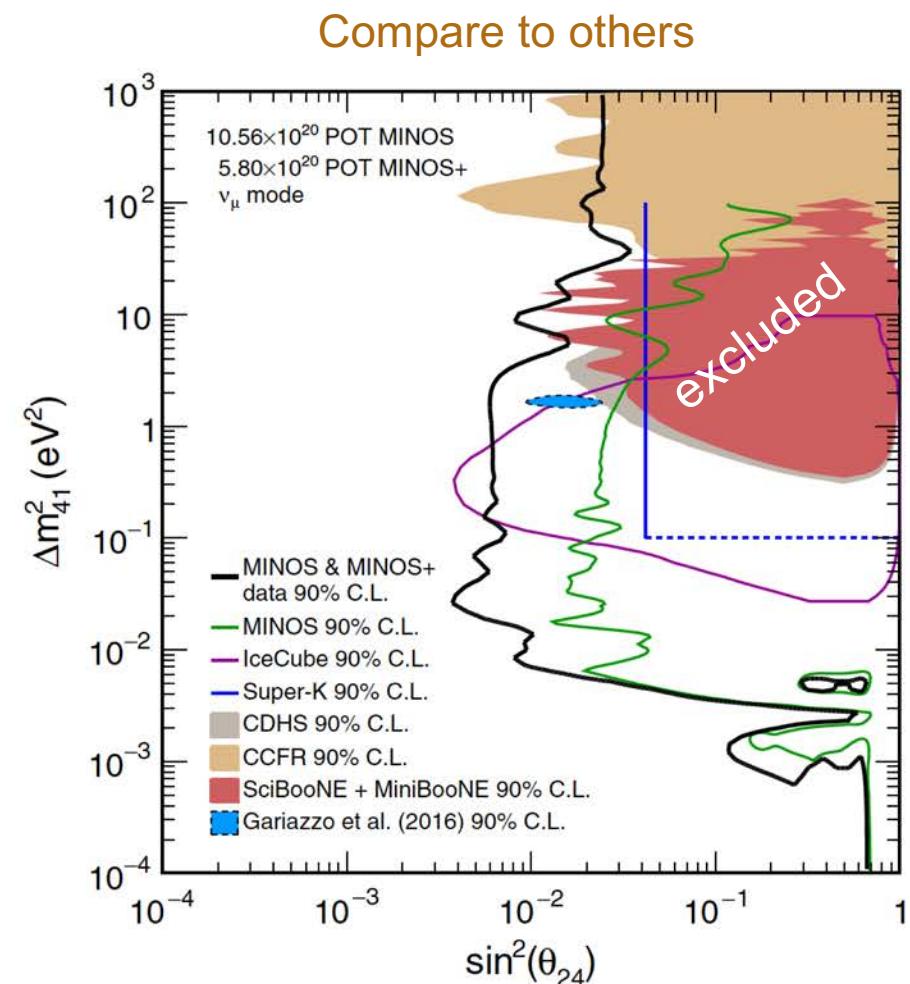
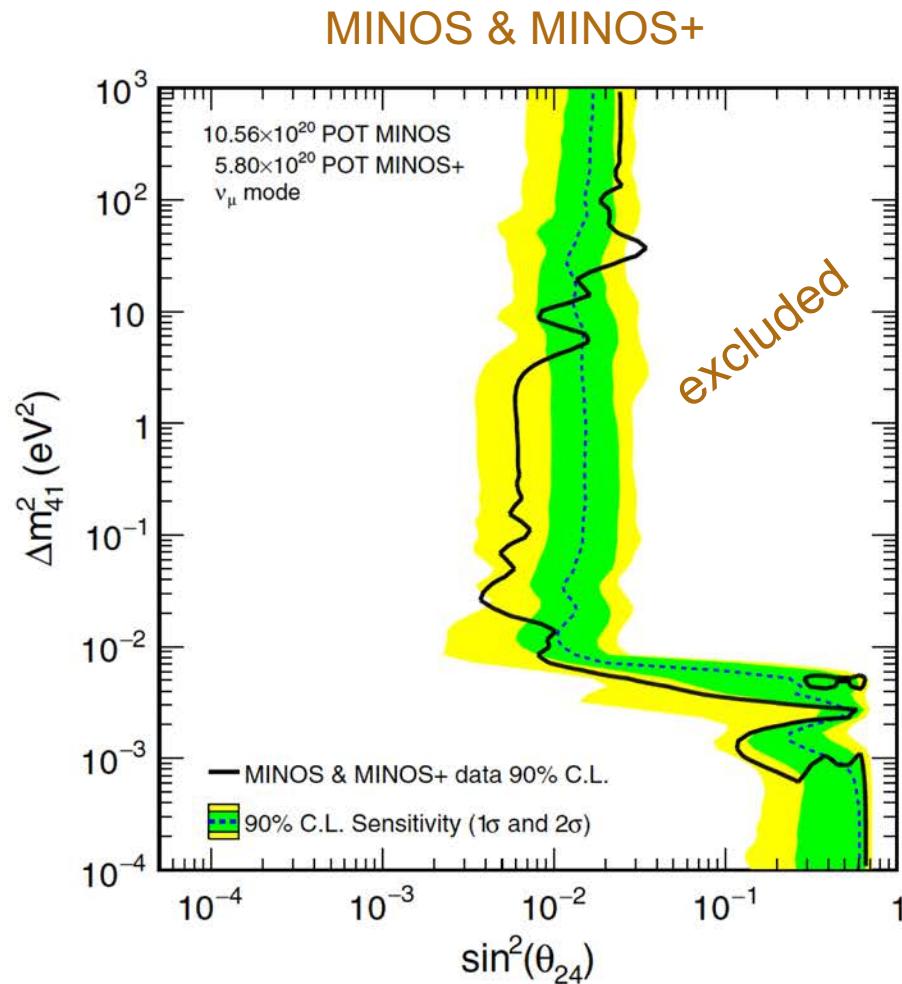
Sterile Search - new method – two-detector fit

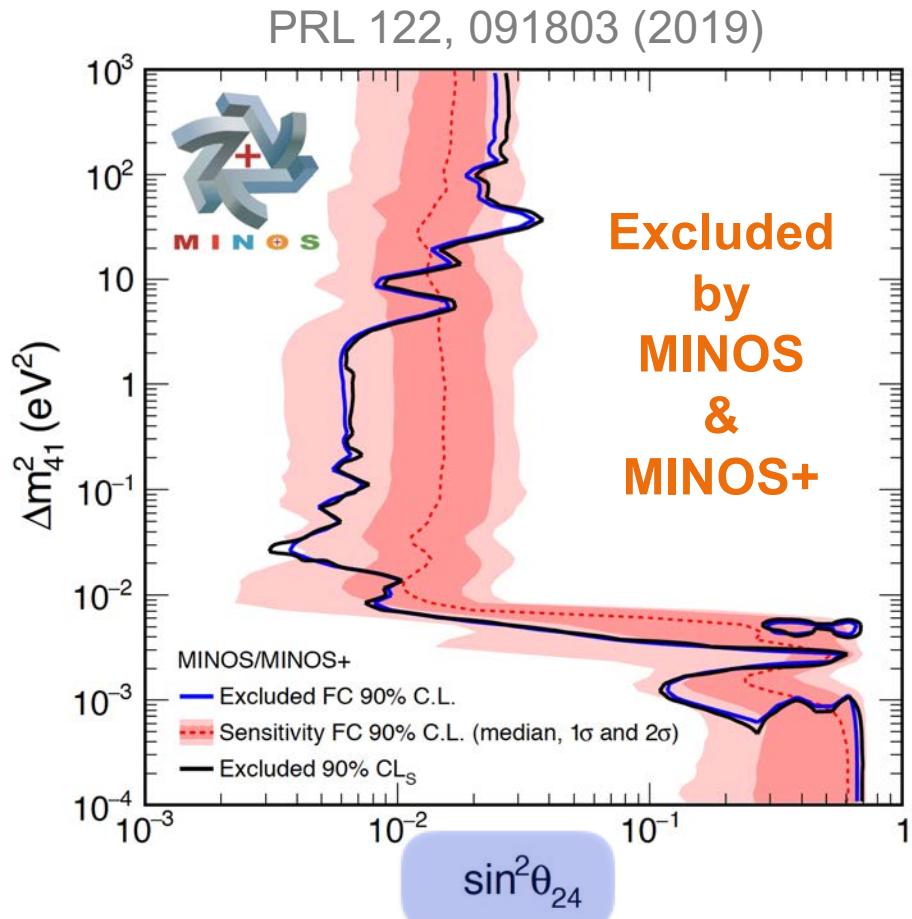


- ◆ Far and Near Detectors, CC and NC energy spectra directly rather than their ratios
- ◆ Systematics through the covariance matrix

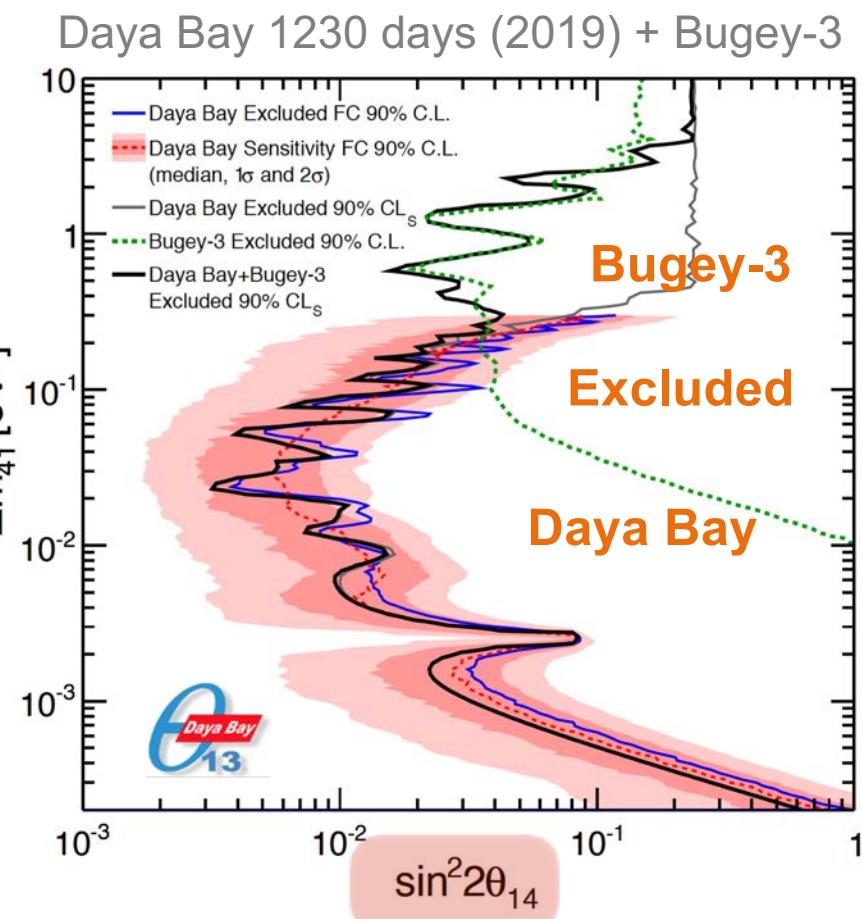


P. Adamson *et al.*, PRL 122, 091803 (2019)





$\sin^2\theta_{24}$



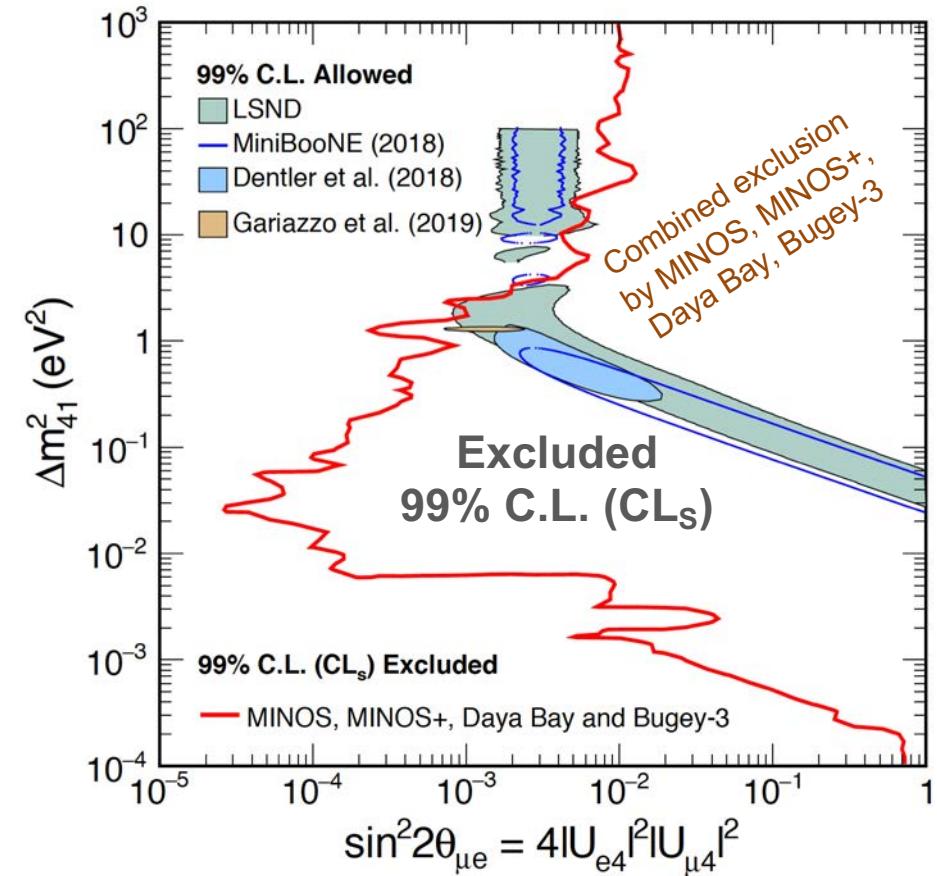
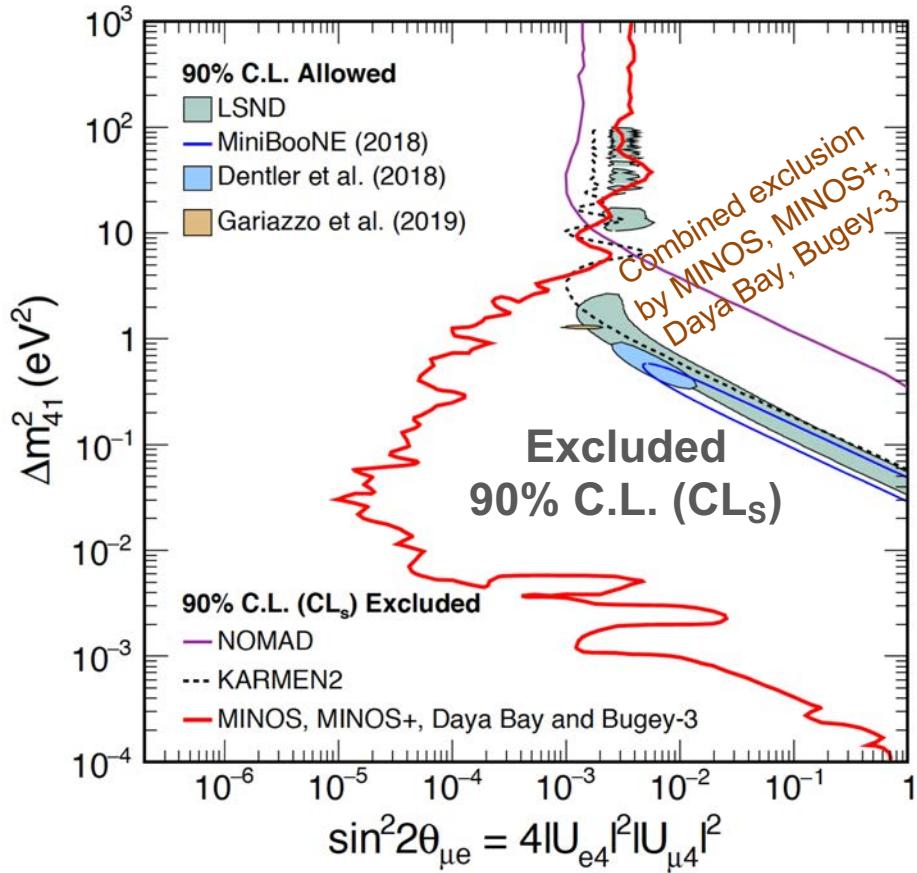
$\sin^22\theta_{14}$

$4|U_{e4}|^2|U_{\mu 4}|^2 = \sin^2 \theta_{24} \sin^2 2\theta_{14} \equiv \sin^2 2\theta_{\mu e}$

Combined constraints of MINOS, MINOS+, Daya Bay, Bugey-3



P. Adamson *et al.*, arXiv:2002.00301v1 [hep-ex] 2 Feb 2020



Dentler *et al.* – global fit includes MiniBoonE

Gariazzo *et al.* – global fit excludes

MINOS, MINOS+, Daya Bay, Bugey-3

Previous results (using ratios of energy spectra):
 Combined : Phys. Rev. Lett. 117, 151801 (2016)
 MINOS : Phys. Rev. Lett. 117, 151803 (2016)
 Daya Bay : Phys. Rev. Lett. 117, 151802 (2016)



MINOS & MINOS+



- ◆ 11 years of operations, 25 POT exposure, up to 600 kW beam
- ◆ Best to date Δm^2_{32} (68% CL), no octant preference at 90%CL for θ_{23}

| | | |
|----------|--|---|
| Normal | $\Delta m^2_{32} = + 2.41^{+0.08}_{-0.08}$ ($\times 10^{-3} eV^2$) | $\sin^2 \theta_{23} = 0.42$ ($0.38 \leftrightarrow 0.48$) |
| Inverted | $\Delta m^2_{32} = -2.47^{+0.09}_{-0.07}$ ($\times 10^{-3} eV^2$) | $\sin^2 \theta_{23} = 0.42$ ($0.38 \leftrightarrow 0.48$) |

- ◆ Some of the most stringent bounds on “3+1” sterile neutrinos

- ⇒ Muon disappearance
- ⇒ Joint analysis with Daya Bay
- for $\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_e$ appearance bounds
- ⇒ Increased tension with global fits

- ◆ Bounds on LED and NSI
(not discussed here)

- ◆ MINOS+ data still being analyzed
 - ⇒ $\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_e$ appearance
 - ⇒ Final papers on all the above still to come ...



Ely, MN, June 2012 (the proposal era)



MINOS & MINOS+

